## 基础研究和新技术

## Aβ多肽与铜锌金属离子非共价复合物的电喷雾质谱研究

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## 摘要

关键词

分类号

Investigation of Non-Covalent Complexes of Amyloid**β**-Pe ptide and Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup> by Electrospray Ionization Mass Sp ectrometry

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**Abstract**  $Cu^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$  ions were reported to be able to induce  $A\beta$  aggregation at nearly phy siological concentrations in vitro and related to the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease. The small er peptides including  $A\beta$ (1-28) was chosen as the target peptide, which helped define the natur e of the interaction of the full length peptide. And we studied the influences of the different conditi ons including the pH, temperature, apparatus conditions, concentration on the impact of comple x of  $Zn^{2+}$ ,  $Cu^{2+}$  and  $A\beta$ . Our findings by the studies of ESI-MS revealed the stoichiometry of 1:1 for the peptide-metal complexes, and to bind up to four cations upon increasing the metal concentration.

**Key words** amyloid  $\beta$ -peptide \_ metal binding \_ ESI-MS \_ competitive substitution

DOI

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