以meso-四(N-甲基-3-吡啶基)卟啉荧光光度测定痕量锌的研究

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研究了以meso-四(N-甲基-3-吡啶基)卟啉测定锌痕量锌的荧光光度法,

其灵敏度较其它水溶性卟啉衍生物测定锌的分光光度法要高, 检出量为1ppb, 线性范围为0-1.0ug/25mL. 方法已用于测定自来水和头发中的微量锌, 结果满意.

<u>荧光分析 卟吩 P 吡啶 P 锌 水质分析 头发 痕量分析 荧光分光光度法</u> 关键词 分类号 0657

Study of fluorimetric determination of trace zinc with meso-tetra(3-N-methylpyridyl)porphyrin

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Abstract Zinc(II) reacts rapidly with meso-tetrakis(3-N-methylpyridyl)porphyrin [T(3-MPy)P] to form a 1:1 complex over the pH range 8.7-9.7 at room temperature The interference caused by remaining [T(3-MPy)p] can be eliminated by adding a small excess of copper(II) to form copper(II) complex. The fluorescence is measured at 606 nm after 0.5 h of complexation with excitation at 430 nm at room temperature The calibration curve is linear for 0-1.0 mg Zn(II)/25 mL; the 本文作者相关文章 detection limit of the method is 1 ppb. The method established could be used for the determination of zinc in tap water and hair.

Key words FLUORIMETRIC ANALYSIS PORPHINE P PYRIDINE P ZINC WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS HUMAN HAIR TRACE ANALYSIS FLUOROSPECTROPHOTOMETRY

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