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无溶剂下 FeCl3·6H2O 催化的 N-取代丙烯酰基吡咯烷酮的Diels-Alder 反应研究 裴文.* 王永江, 余长泉

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收稿日期 2006-11-6 修回日期 2007-3-16 网络版发布日期 2007-6-27 接受日期 摘要 在离子液体反应体系中,由不饱和酸制得的酰氯与酰亚胺及内酰胺进行亲核取代, 成功地合成了官能化N-取代丙烯酰基吡咯烷酮化合物。采用便宜易得的 FeCl3·6H2O 作为催化剂, 在无溶剂和室温条件下,实现了官能化N-取代丙烯酰基吡咯烷酮与双烯体的 Diels-Alder 反应, 得到了高收率和高立体选择性的环加成产物。该项研究是绿色化学合成方法学的研究。

关键词 N-取代丙烯酰基吡咯烷酮 Fe离子催化Diels-Alder反应 <u>无溶剂反应</u> 分类号

Diels-Alder Reactions of N-Functionalized Acryloyl α -Pyrrolidone Derivatives Using FeCl₃•6H₂O as an Efficient Catalyst under Solvent-free Conditions

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Abstract Diels-Alder reactions of *N*-functionalized acryloyl α -pyrrolidone derivatives were investigated, which were catalyzed by FeCl₃•6H₂O as an efficient catalyst under solvent-free conditions at room temperature. The corresponding cycloadducts with functionalized-pyrrolidone were prepared in high yield with high stereoselectivity by a green chemistry procedure. *N*-Functionalized acryloyl pyrrolidone derivatives, a kind of pyrrolidone-functionalized chelating α , β -unsaturated ketone usable as a dienophile in Diels-Alder reaction, were synthesized by *N*-acylation procedure in ionic liquid as a novel synthetic method.

Key words acryloylpyrrolidone derivative Diels-Alder reaction ferric chloride lewis acid solvent-free

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