预还原催化剂LaNiO3, La4Ni3O10, La3Ni2O7和La2NiO4 催化分解CH4制碳纳米管 的研究

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摘要 通过预还原的LaNiO3,La4Ni3O10,La3Ni2O7和La2NiO4催化分解CH4

可以制备大量高度石墨化的碳纳米管。还原前后的催化剂的结构和组分通过X射线衍射(XRD)

测定。所制得的碳纳米管由扫描电镜(TEM)、X射线光电子能谱(XPS)

表征。碳纳米管在空气在的热氧化性由热重实验(TG)

测定。实验结果表明不同催化剂前驱中的La/Ni比会影响碳纳米管的管径分布和石墨化程度。La/Ni比越小,碳纳米管的管径越大,石墨化程度越高。

 关键词
 预还原
 催化剂
 复氧化物
 镧化合物
 镍化合物
 分解
 甲烷
 碳纳米管
 石墨化
 纳米相材料

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A study on production of carbon nanotubes by decomposition of CH4 over the pre-reduced catalysts LaNiO3, La4Ni3O10, La3Ni2O7 and La2NiO4

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Abstract Carbon nanotubes of narrow size distribution can be mass produced in the catalytic decomposition of CH4 over pre-reduced LaNiO3, La4Ni3O10, La3Ni2O7 and La2NiO4. The structure and component of the fresh and reduced LaNiO3, La4Ni3O10, La3Ni2O7 and La2NiO4 were determined by X- ray diffraction (XRD). The carbon nanotubes obtained were characterized by means of transmission electron microscopy (TEM), X- ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). Thermal oxidation of carbon nanotubes in air was performed by thermogravimetric experiment (TG). The results reveral that a lower La/Ni ratio of the catalysts sould lead to a wider diameter distribution and a higher degree of graphitic nature.

Key wordsPREREDUCTIONCATALYSTDOUBLE OXIDELANTHANUM COMPOUNDSNICKELCOMPOUNDSDECOMPOSITIONMETHANEGRAPHITIZATIONNANOPHASE MATERIALS

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