#### PVP/Pd/IrO\_2/Nafion修饰微电极用于成纤维细胞中一氧化氮释放的研究

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摘要 采用PVP/Pd/IrO\_2/Nafion修饰电极对成纤维细胞中NO的释放情况进行了研究。结果表明,在正常状态下,采用NO前体L-精氨酸和乙酰胆碱对成纤维细胞进行刺激后没有NO的释放;当用脂多糖进行诱导后,则释放出高浓度的NO,加入L-精氨酸和乙酰胆碱都促进了NO的合成,而L-NNA的加入则逆转了L-精氨酸和乙酰胆碱的作用。 关键词 <u>但</u>氧化铱 <u>化学修饰电极</u>—氧化氮 <u>精氨酸</u> 乙酰胆碱 分类号 0646

# Direct Monitoring of Nitric Oxide Release from Fibrocytes with PVP/Pd/IrO\_2/Nation Chemically Modified Microelectrode

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Abstract PVP/Pd/IrO\_2/Nafion microsensor was fabricated to measure nitric oxide production in fibrocytes directly. In the experiments, fibrocytes did not release nitric oxide after stimulated with L- arginine and acetylcholine under normal condition. After induced with lipopolysaccharide, NO was produced in high concentration and NO levels were increased after stimulated with L-arginine and acetylcholine. On the other hand, L-N~w-nitro-arginine, an NO synthase inhibitor, decreased the action of L-arginine and acetylcholine.

Key wordsPALLADIUMIRIDIUM OXIDECHEMICAL MODIFIED ELECTRODENITROGENMONOXIDEARGININEACETYLCHOLINE

DOI:

## 扩展功能

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