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The impact of anthropogenic chlorine emissions, stratospheric ozone change and chemical feedbacks on stratospheric water

T. Röckmann<sup>1</sup>, J.-U. Grooß<sup>2</sup>, and R. Müller<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Max-Planck-Institut für Kernphysik, Bereich Atmosphärenphysik, 69117 Heidelberg, Germany

<sup>2</sup>Institut für Chemie und Dynamik der Geosphäre, Forschungszentrum Jülich, 52425 Jülich, Germany

Abstract. Mixing ratios of water (H<sub>2</sub>O) in the stratosphere appear to increase due to increased input of H<sub>2</sub>O and methane from the troposphere and due to intensified oxidation of CH<sub>4</sub> in the stratosphere, but many of the underlying mechanisms are not yet understood. Here we identify and quantify three chemical mechanisms which must have led to more efficient oxidation of  $CH_A$  in the stratosphere over the past several decades: 1) The increase in stratospheric chlorine levels due to anthropogenic CFC emissions, 2) the thinning of the stratospheric ozone column and 3) enhanced OH levels in the stratosphere due to increasing H<sub>2</sub>O levels themselves. In combination with the increase in tropospheric  $\mathrm{CH}_\mathtt{A}$  mixing ratios and with solar cycle related variations of upper stratospheric ozone, these effects can explain about 50% of the additional conversion of CH<sub>4</sub> to H<sub>2</sub>O as observed throughout the stratosphere. The relative contributions from the individual processes have varied over the past decades.

■ Final Revised Paper (PDF, 267 KB) ■ Discussion Paper (ACPD)

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