

[Home](#)[Online Library ACP](#)

- Recent Final Revised Papers
- [Volumes and Issues](#)
- Special Issues
- Library Search
- Title and Author Search

[Online Library ACPD](#)[Alerts & RSS Feeds](#)[General Information](#)[Submission](#)[Review](#)[Production](#)[Subscription](#)[Comment on a Paper](#)

Impact
Factor
4.865

ISI
indexed

[Volumes and Issues](#) [Contents of Issue 1](#) [Special Issue](#)

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 3, 267-289, 2003

www.atmos-chem-phys.net/3/267/2003/

© Author(s) 2003. This work is licensed under a Creative Commons License.

Global chemical weather forecasts for field campaign planning: predictions and observations of large-scale features during MINOS, CONTRACE, and INDOEX

M. G. Lawrence¹, P. J. Rasch², R. von Kuhlmann¹, J. Williams¹, H. Fischer¹, M. de Reus¹, J. Lelieveld¹, P. J. Crutzen¹, M. Schultz³, P. Stier³, H. Huntrieser⁴, J. Heland⁴, A. Stohl⁵, C. Forster⁵, H. Elbern⁶, H. Jakobs⁶, and R. R. Dickerson⁷

¹Max-Planck-Institut für Chemie, Postfach 3060, 55020 Mainz, Germany

²National Center for Atmospheric Research, Boulder, Colorado, USA

³Max-Planck-Institut für Meteorologie, Hamburg, Germany

⁴Institut für Physik der Atmosphäre, Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt, Oberpfaffenhofen, Germany

⁵Technische Universität München, München, Germany

⁶Institut für Geophysik und Meteorologie, Universität zu Köln, Köln, Germany

⁷Department of Meteorology, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA

Abstract. The first global tropospheric forecasts of O₃ and its precursors have been used in the daily flight planning of field measurement campaigns. The 3-D chemistry-transport model MATCH-MPIC is driven by meteorological data from a weather center (NCEP) to produce daily 3-day forecasts of the global distributions of O₃ and related gases, as well as regional CO tracers. This paper describes the forecast system and its use in three field campaigns, MINOS, CONTRACE and INDOEX. An overview is given of the forecasts by MATCH-MPIC and by three other chemical weather forecast models (EURAD, ECHAM, and FLEXPART), focusing on O₃ and CO. Total CO and regional CO tracers were found to be the most valuable gases for flight planning, due to their relatively well-defined anthropogenic source regions and lifetimes of one to a few months. CO was in good agreement with the observations on nearly all the flights (generally $r > 0.7$, and the relative RMS differences for the deviations from the means was less than 20%). In every case in which the chemical weather forecasts were primarily responsible for the flight plans, the targeted features were observed. Three forecasted phenomena are discussed in detail: outflow from Asia observed in the Mediterranean upper troposphere during MINOS, outflow from North America observed in the middle troposphere over northern Europe during CONTRACE, and the location of the "chemical ITCZ" over the Indian Ocean during INDOEX. In particular it is shown that although intercontinental pollution plumes such as those observed during MINOS and CONTRACE occur repeatedly during the months around the campaigns, their frequency is sufficiently low (~10–30% of the time) that global chemical weather forecasts are important for enabling them to be observed during limited-duration field campaigns. The MATCH-MPIC chemical weather forecasts, including an interface for making customized figures from the output, are available for community use via <http://www.mpch-mainz.mpg.de/~lawrence/forecasts.html>.

[Search ACP](#)

Library Search

Author Search

[News](#)

- Sister Journals AMT & GMD
- Financial Support for Authors
- Journal Impact Factor
- Public Relations & Background Information

[Recent Papers](#)

01 | ACPD, 10 Mar 2009: Characterization of organic ambient aerosol during MIRAGE 2006 on three platforms

02 | ACPD, 10 Mar 2009: Regional differences in organic composition of submicron and single particles during INTEX-B 2006

03 | ACPD, 10 Mar 2009: First steps towards the assimilation of IASI ozone data into the MOCAGE-PALM system

■ [Final Revised Paper](#) (PDF, 2801 KB) ■ [Supplement](#) (12380 KB) ■ [Discussion Paper](#) (ACPD)

Citation: Lawrence, M. G., Rasch, P. J., von Kuhlmann, R., Williams, J., Fischer, H., de Reus, M., Lelieveld, J., Crutzen, P. J., Schultz, M., Stier, P., Huntrieser, H., Heland, J., Stohl, A., Forster, C., Elbern, H., Jakobs, H., and Dickerson, R. R.: Global chemical weather forecasts for field campaign planning: predictions and observations of large-scale features during MINOS, CONTRACE, and INDOEX, *Atmos. Chem. Phys.*, 3, 267-289, 2003. ■ [Bibtex](#) ■ [EndNote](#) ■ [Reference Manager](#)