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**摘要:** 位于湘东南湘赣两省交界处的锡田岩体, 锆石 SHRIMP U — Pb 定年结果表明, 主体花岗岩形成时代为中晚三叠世, 年龄为  $228.5\text{Ma} \pm 2.5\text{Ma}$ ; 而后期花岗岩为晚侏罗世的产物, 年龄为  $155.5\text{Ma} \pm 1.7\text{Ma}$ 。同时, 少量继承性锆石年龄信息暗示先期形成的主体花岗质岩浆熔融源区可能为中元古代岩石, 后期与锡矿有关的锂云母碱长花岗岩可能是先期形成的花岗岩重熔所致。先期岩体 Sn 元素丰度也很高, 可能为锡矿矿源层。

**关键词:** 锆石; SHRIMP 定年; 湖南; 锡田岩体

中图分类号: P588.12 + 1; P597 + .3 文献标识码: A

文章编号: 1671 — 2552 ( 2005 ) 05 — 0415 — 05

**Ma T Q , Bai D Y , Kuang J , Wang X H. Zircon SHRIMP dating of the Xitian granite pluton , Chaling , south? 鄂 eastern Hunan , and its geological significance. Geological Bulletin of China , 2005 , 24 ( 5 ) : 415 — 419**

**Abstract:** Zircon SHRIMP U — Pb dating of the Xitian granite pluton , southeastern Hunan , yielded an age of  $228.5 \pm 2.5$  Ma BP , i.e. a Mid — Late Triassic age for the main part of the pluton , and an age of  $155.5 \pm 1.7$  Ma , a Late Jurassic age , for the late — formed granite. A few ages of inherited zircon imply that the molten source region of granitic magma of the early — formed main part of the pluton might be Mesoproterozoic rocks , while the late — formed lepidolite alkali — feldspar granite related to tin deposits might result from anatexis of the early — formed granite. The early — formed granite body is rich in Sn and might be the source bed of tin ore.

**Key words:** zircon ; SHRIMP dating ; Hunan ; Xitian granite pluton