

张达玉,周涛发,袁峰,范裕,刘帅,彭明兴. 2010. 新疆东天山地区延西铜矿床的地球化学、成矿年代学及其地质意义. 岩石学报, 26(11): 3327-3338

新疆东天山地区延西铜矿床的地球化学、成矿年代学及其地质意义

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基金项目: 本文受国家重点基础研究发展规划项目(2007CB411304、2001CB409800)、新世纪优秀人才支持计划项目(NCET-10-0324)、国家自然科学基金项目(40772057)、中国地质大学地质过程与矿产资源国家重点实验室基金项目(GPMR200706)和安徽省优秀青年科技基金项目(08040106907、04045063)联合资助。

摘要:

延西铜矿床位于新疆东天山觉罗塔格地区北部的哈尔里克-大南湖岛弧带内,是延东-土屋斑岩型成矿带的西延部分。矿床的赋矿地层主要为石炭系企鹅山群,被含矿斜长花岗斑岩侵入。矿床中的主要岩石类型为安山岩、闪长玢岩以及斜长花岗斑岩,安山岩和闪长玢岩具有同源性岛弧火山岩的特点,是主要的赋矿围岩;斜长花岗斑岩具有埃达克质岩石的特征,与成矿作用直接相关,其形成晚于安山岩、闪长玢岩。本文测延西铜矿床辉钼矿Re-Os年龄为 $326.2 \pm 4.5\text{Ma}$,可以代表其成矿年龄,与土屋-延东铜矿床 $322.7 \pm 2.3\text{Ma}$ 的辉钼矿Re-Os年龄基本相同;包括延西铜矿床在内的土屋-延东斑岩型铜矿带成矿时代与成岩时代基本一致或稍晚。延西铜矿床具有斑岩型铜矿床的矿化和围岩蚀变特征,与土屋-延东斑岩型铜矿带内其它矿床均为中石炭世同源岩浆演化的产物,具有相似的成矿作用过程,成矿物质均为岩浆来源,这些矿床可能为同一浆活动在不同部位发生矿化的产物。延西铜矿床以及土屋-延东斑岩型铜矿带形成于东天山觉罗塔格地区晚古生代的挤压岛弧背景,应与哈尔里克-大南湖晚古生代岛弧的形成相伴,可能与康古尔塔格大洋板块向北部哈尔里克-大南湖岛弧的俯冲有关。

英文摘要:

Yanxi copper deposit is located in the west area of the Yandong-Tuwu porphyry copper belt, Harlik-Dananhu island arc. The Carboniferous Qieshan Group is the main ore-hosting stratum, which was intruded by the mineralized plagiogranite porphyry. The main lithology in the deposit contains andesite, diorite-porphyrity and plagiogranite porphyry. Both of the andesite and diorite-porphyrity are the ore-hosting rocks, which are island arc volcanic rocks and formed by the same magmatism. However, the mineralized plagiogranite porphyry is adakite rock and directly responsible for the copper mineralization, which is probably different magmatism from the andesite and diorite-porphyrity. The Re-Os isochronal age of molybdenites in Yanxi deposit is $326 \pm 4.5\text{Ma}$, which represents the main mineralized age of this deposit and corresponds to the $322.7 \pm 2.3\text{Ma}$ metallogenetic age of Tuwu-Yandong copper deposits. The metallogenetic age of Tuwu-Yandong copper belt is coeval or later with its diagenetic age. The Yanxi copper deposit has the similar characteristics such as the mineralization and wall rock alteration with the porphyry Cu deposit, and it was formed by the same Middle Carboniferous magmatism as other deposits in the Tuwu-Yandong copper belt. These deposits have the similar metallogenetic process, and their metallogenetic materials were come from the same magmatic source, all the evidences above refer that the deposits in Tuwu-Yandong copper belt maybe formed by the same magmatism and mineralized in different positions. The metallogeny of Yanxi deposit as well as Tuwu-Yandong copper belt was formed in island arc compressional environment in Jueluotage area eastern Tianshan, and concomitanced with outgrowth of the Harlik-Dananhu island arc, which is probably related to the north underthrust of the Kanggauer oceanic plate along the Harlik-Dananhu island arc.

关键词: [地球化学](#) [H,O同位素](#) [Re-Os定年](#) [延西铜矿床](#) [东天山](#)

投稿时间: 2010-08-10 最后修改时间: 2010-10-06