## Quantification Curves for XRD Analysis of Mixed-Layer 14 Å/10 Å Clay Minerals

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Abstract: Using theoretical profiles of diffracted X-ray intensity for interstratification between layers having d-spacings around 14.3 Å and 10.1 Å, a series of diagrams was derived from which the proportion of 14.3 Å layers ( $W_{14}$ ) and the probability of passing from a 14.3 Å layer to a 10.1 Å layer ( $P_{14/10}$ ) can be derived.  $W_{14}$  can be derived independently of  $P_{14/10}$  using the angular distance between reflections situated at 18.2° and 25.4°  $2\theta$  (CuK $\alpha$ ). Once  $W_{14}$  is determined,  $P_{14/10}$  may be obtained using the angular width of the diffuse reflections between 27° and 34°  $2\theta$ . In this case, two different diagrams are proposed for  $P_{14/10}$  determination because experimental X-ray patterns show either one or two diffuse reflections. Comparison of five experimental patterns with theoretical patterns calculated using  $W_{14}$  and  $P_{14/10}$  obtained using these diagrams indicates that the method can be useful for determining  $W_{14}$  and  $P_{14/10}$  in unknown samples. Moreover, the method described is independent of the Lorentz polarization factor and the layer type. The d-spacings associated with the two kinds of layers, however, should be similar ( $\pm 1\%$ ) to those for which the determinative diagrams were calculated.

Key Words: Biotite • Chlorite • Interstratification • Mixed-layer quantification • Vermiculite

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