



Abstract View

[Volume 12, Issue 8 \(August 1982\)](#)

Journal of Physical Oceanography

Article: pp. 914–921 | [Abstract](#) | [PDF \(572K\)](#)

On the Representation of Reynolds Stress in Estuaries and Shallow Coastal Seas

T.J. Smith

Institute of Oceanographic Sciences, Taunton, Somerset, England

(Manuscript received June 26, 1981, in final form May 4, 1982)

DOI: 10.1175/1520-0485(1982)012<0914:OTRORS>2.0.CO;2

ABSTRACT

A model for the representation of the Reynolds-stress tensor in three-dimensional hydrodynamic models of shallow water flows is derived which combines the accuracy of turbulence-energy closure schemes with the computational efficiency of algebraic eddy viscosity models. The proposed model assumes, the eddy-viscosity tensor to have structural similarity, from which it is shown that its magnitude is scaled on the depth-mean turbulence energy and the depth-mean turbulence-energy dissipation rate, while the vertical structure is described by a suitable similarity function, two alternatives of which are derived. The similarity assumptions used in the analysis are verified and the model is tested by application to steady and tidal flows.

Options:

- [Create Reference](#)
- [Email this Article](#)
- [Add to MyArchive](#)
- [Search AMS Glossary](#)

Search CrossRef for:

- [Articles Citing This Article](#)

Search Google Scholar for:

- [T.J. Smith](#)

top ▲



