

AMERICAN METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY

AMS Journals Online

AMS Home Journals

Journals Home ,

Journal Archive

Subscribe

For Authors

Help

Advanced Search

Search



Abstract View

Volume 7, Issue 5 (September 1977)

Journal of Physical Oceanography

Article: pp. 670–683 | Abstract | PDF (991K)

Distribution and Movement of Gulf Stream Rings

David Y. Lai

Graduate School of Oceanography, University of Rhode Island, Kingston 02881

Philip L. Richardson

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, Mass. 02543

(Manuscript received February 4, 1977, in final form May 19, 1977) DOI: 10.1175/1520-0485(1977)007<0670:DAMOGS>2.0.CO;2

ABSTRACT

The distribution, number and movement of cyclonic Gulf Stream rings were estimated from an analysis of 50 000 temperature records obtained from the National Oceanographic Data Center and Fleet Numerical Weather Central. The data were taken from 1970 through September 1976 in the region bounded by 20–40°N and 50–80°W. Additional ring observations from other sources were also used. Twenty-five ring time series, together with 26 single ring observations were obtained; approximately 11 rings were found to exist at one time. Rings typically moved westward, turned southwest when close to the Gulf Stream and appeared to coalesce with the Stream near Florida. On the average, two rings per year moved down this path with a mean speed of 3 km day⁻¹ and an estimated life span of 2–3 years. Although ring observations were concentrated in the northwestern Sargasso Sea, several were documented east of 60°W. In addition to cold core rings several warm eddies were found south of the Stream; they consisted of at least a 150 m deepening of the main thermocline. The movement of anticyclonic rings north of the Stream was also

Options:

- Create Reference
- Email this Article
- Add to MyArchive
- Search AMS Glossary

Search CrossRef for:

• Articles Citing This Article

Search Google Scholar for:

- David Y. Lai
- Philip L. Richardson

determined; approximately three exist at a single time and they move westward with a mean speed of 5 km day $^{-1}$.



© 2008 American Meteorological Society <u>Privacy Policy and Disclaimer</u> Headquarters: 45 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02108-3693

DC Office: 1120 G Street, NW, Suite 800 Washington DC, 20005-3826

<u>amsinfo@ametsoc.org</u> Phone: 617-227-2425 Fax: 617-742-8718 <u>Allen Press, Inc.</u> assists in the online publication of *AMS* journals.