应用显微放射自显影技术对辐射诱发的微核合成DNA研究1.不同照射量的效应

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摘要 本试验用放射性比度为5uCi/ml的3H-胸腺啥绽核营('H-TdR)标记经不同照射量辐的蚕豆根尖细胞,应用显微放射自显影技术,研究微核的DNA合成。试验结果表明,不同照射量的二射线对细胞及微核合成DNA的影响是明显的。微核细胞及微核的标记率随着照射量的增大而减少,呈线性递减关系。本文还根据微核细胞的标记类型,对微核在细胞遗传工程研究方面的应用价值进行了探讨。

关键词 微核; 剂量; 标记; 蚕豆

分类号

Studies on DNA. Synthesis of Micronuclei Induced by Irradiation Using Microautography Y. The Effects of Different Doses

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Abstract

In this experiment, 3f3-TdR was used to label the Vicia faba root tip cells irradiated by d lifferent doses in order to study DNA synthesis of micronuclei by means of microautography. The experimental results showed that it was significant that the different doses of Y-ray could influence DNA synthesis of micronuclei. The frequency of labeled micronucleate cells, or that of micronuclei decrease with the increase in dose. This paper emphasized that micronuclei may be useful in cytogenetic engineering based on the labeled types of micronucleate cells.

Key words Micronuclei; Dose; Label Vicia faba

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