利用DNA序列构建系统树的方法介绍Introduction to the Methods of Constructing Phylogenetic Trees with DNA sequences

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收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期

利用DNA序列进行系统发生分析是分子进化研究的必要手段。构建系统树的方法有距离法、简约法、最大似然法以 Email Alert 及贝叶斯推断法等。要解决特定的系统发生问题,首先要挑选合理的分类群及序列,尽量减少数据的偏倚,然后 选择构树方法,最后还要对结果进行评价并给出进化学上的解释。本文讨论了挑选数据的原则及存在的问题,介 绍了几种构树方法的基本原理及步骤,并列举了它们的优缺点。Abstract: Construction of phylogenetic trees is a key means in molecular evolutionary studies. The methods of constructing phylogenetic trees include the distance-based methods, parsimony, maximum likelihood, and Bayesian inference methods. To resolve a special problem about phylogeny, several notices are necessary: first, to select the reasonable data at less bias as possible; second, to choose the proper method to reconstruct phylogenetic tree; third, to evaluate the conclusions and explain them on the field of evolution. The present paper provides a brief introduction of the principles of data selection and tree-construction methods, and discusses about their advantage and disadvantage points.

系统树 距离法 简约法 最大似然法 贝叶斯推断法 Key words Phylogenetic Tree Distance-based 关键词 Method Parsimony Maximum Likelihood Bayesian Inference

分类号

Abstract

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