ISSN 1005-0094 CN11-3247/Q 主办 中国科学院生物多样性委员会 中国植物学会 中国科学院植物研究所 动物研究所 微生物研究所

首页 | 期刊介绍 | 编委会 | 广告合作 | 期刊订阅 | 联系我们 | 编辑办公 | English

生物多样性 » 2011, Vol. 19 » Issue (05):605-609 DOI: 10.3724/SP.J.1003.2011.05049

生物编目

最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

<< Previous Articles | Next Articles >>

香港西贡牛尾海邻近岛屿植被与植物物种多样性

胡普炜1,2, 邢福武1, 陈林1,2, 王美娜1,2, 王发国1, 陈红锋1*

1中国科学院华南植物园, 中国科学院植物资源保护与可持续利用重点实验室 广州 510650 2中国科学院研究生院, 北京 100049

Vegetation and vascular plant diversity of islands surrounding Port Shelter, Hong Kong, China

Puwei Hu^{1,2}, Fuwu Xing¹, Lin Chen^{1,2}, Meina Wang^{1,2}, Faguo Wang¹, Hongfeng Chen^{1*}

¹Key Laboratory of Plant Resources Conservation and Sustainable Utilization, South China Botanical Garden, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510650

²Graduate University of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049

摘要

参考文献

相关文章

Download: PDF (313KB) HTML 1KB Export: BibTeX or EndNote (RIS) Supporting Info

摘要 牛尾海是连接香港陆地和南中国海的重要通道。作者采取全面普查和重点线路补查的方法,于1997年8月、12月和2008年6月先后3次考察了牛尾海邻近各岛屿的植被概况和植物种类。结果表明,牛尾海邻近岛屿共有维管束植物345种,隶属于108科254属。植被类型以灌丛和草灌丛为主,兼有次生性常绿阔叶林和滨海砂生植被,并有相当数量的红树林分布。植物区系成分以热带、亚热带成分占优势,并分布有樟树(Cinnamomum camphora)、苏铁蕨(Brainea insignis)、龙眼(Dimocarpus longan)和粘木(Ixonanthes reticulata) 4种国家重点保护植物。根据调查结果和相关的文献资料,我们列出了该区域的植物名录。各岛屿植物物种丰富度与岛屿海拔高度、面积呈正相关关系,且与岛屿所处地理位置有直接关系。

关键词: 物种多样性 植被 植物区系 牛尾海

Abstract: Port Shelter is an important harbor connecting Hong Kong and South China Sea. To sample the vegetation type and plant species of islands neighboring Port Shelter, we carried out field survey with a number of transects in August and December of 1997, and June of 2008. Brushwood and shrub-grassland were the dominant vegetation types, followed with secondary evergreen broad-leaved forest. We also observed some beach and mangrove vegetation types. Integrating literature data with our survey data, we here provide a checklist of vascular plants on these islands. A checklist of 345 vascular plant species was developed, belonging to 254 genera and 108 families. Analysis of the floral elements showed that widespread tropical and subtropical species were dominant. Among these species, *Cinnamomum camphora*, *Brainea insignis*, *Dimocarpus longan* and *Ixonanthes reticulate* were listed as state protected species. Finally we discussed factors affecting species richness of each island.

Keywords: species diversity vegetation flora Port Shelter

Received 2011-03-19; published 2011-09-20

Fund:

国家科技部科技基础性工作专项"非粮柴油能源植物与相关微生物资源的调查、收集与保存";国家"十一五"科技支撑计划项目

引用本文:

胡普炜, 邢福武, 陈林, 王美娜, 王发国, 陈红锋.香港西贡牛尾海邻近岛屿植被与植物物种多样性[J] 生物多样性, 2011,V19(05): 605-609

Puwei Hu, Fuwu Xing, Lin Chen, Meina Wang, Faguo Wang, Hongfeng Chen. Vegetation and vascular plant diversity of islands surrounding Port Shelter, Hong Kong, China[J] Biodiversity Science, 2011, V19(05): 605-609

链接本文:

http://www.biodiversity-science.net/CN/10.3724/SP.J.1003.2011.05049

http://www.biodiversity-science.net/CN/Y2011/V19/I05/605

Service

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- **▶** RSS

作者相关文章

- ▶ 胡普炜
- ▶邢福武
- ▶ 陈林▶ 王美娜
- ▶ 王发国
- ▶ 陈红锋