

Turkish Journal of Botany

Turkish Journal

of

Botany

The Effect of Glycinebetaine on the Heat Stability of Photosynthetic Reactions in Thylakoid Membranes

Yagut M. ALLAKHVERDIEVA


Institute of Botany, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, 370073 Baku-AZERBAIJAN

Mahir D. MAMEDOV

A.N. Belozersky Institute of Physico-Chemical Biology, Moscow State University, 119899 Moscow-RUSSIA

Ralphreed A. GASANOV

Institute of Botany, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, 370073 Baku-AZERBAIJAN

 [Keywords](#)
[Authors](#)



bot@tubitak.gov.tr

[Scientific Journals Home](#)
[Page](#)

Abstract: Heat inactivation of various photosynthetic electron transport reactions were investigated in the presence/absence of glycinebetaine (betaine) in unstacked thylakoid membranes from spinach. The activity of Photosystem II (PS II) is more sensitive to heat than that of Cytochrome bf (cyt.bf) and Photosystem I (PS I) complexes. The data obtained clearly demonstrated the protection of PS II and PS I electron transfer by betaine under high temperatures. The phenomena observed are probably related to the stabilization of the higher-order structures of PS II and PS I by betaine.

Key Words: Electron transport, heat stress, glycinebetaine.

Turk. J. Bot., **25**, (2001), 11-17.

Full text: [pdf](#)

Other articles published in the same issue: [Turk. J. Bot.,vol.25,iss.1.](#)