

# 云南大学学报(自然科学版)

JOURNAL OF YUNNAN UNIVERSITY (NATURAL SCIENCES)

首页 | 期刊介绍 | 编 委 会 | 期刊订阅 | 投稿指南 | 获奖情况 | 数据库收录 | 历史名人 | 联系我们

云南大学学报(自然科学版) » 2010, Vol. 32 » Issue (2): 243-248 DOI:

生物学 最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索 Previous Articles | >>

### 云南木香花天然居群的表型多样性研究

陈玲<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>, 张颢<sup>2,3,4</sup>, 邱显钦<sup>2,3,4</sup>, 蹇洪英<sup>2,3,4</sup>, 李树发<sup>2,3,4</sup>, 王其刚<sup>2,3,4</sup>, 唐开学<sup>2,3,4</sup>

- 1. 云南大学生命科学学院, 云南昆明 650091;
- 2. 云南省农业科学院花卉研究所, 云南昆明 650205;
- 3. 云南花卉技术工程研究中心, 云南昆明 650205;
- 4. 云南省花卉育种重点实验室, 云南昆明 650205

A study on phenotypic diversities in the natural population of Rosa banksiae Ait. in Yunnan

CHEN Ling<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>, ZHANG Hao<sup>2,3,4</sup>, QIU Xian-qin<sup>2,3,4</sup>, JIAN Hong-ying<sup>2,3,4</sup>, LI Shu-fa<sup>2,3,4</sup>, WANG Qi-gang<sup>2,3,4</sup>, TANG Kai-xue<sup>2,3,4</sup>

- 1. College of Life Sciences, Yunnan University, Kunming 650091, China;
- 2. Flower Research Institute, Yunnan Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Kunming 650205, China;
- 3. Yunnan Flower Research and Development Center, Kunming 650205, China;
- 4. Yunnan Flower Breeding Key Lab, Kunming 650205, China
  - 摘要
  - 参考文献
  - 相关文章

#### 全文: PDF (661 KB) HTML (1 KB) 输出: BibTeX | EndNote (RIS) 背景资料

摘要 在云南天然分布区选择5个有代表性的木香花居群为研究对象,应用居群生物学的原理和方法对木香花的15个表型性状进行多样 性分析.结果表明:木香花表型性状在居群间和局群内存在广泛的变异,15个性状的F值范围为1.92~370.6,绝大多数性状在居群间和 居群内均达到显著或极显著水平:平均表型分化系数为61.10%,居群间变异(35.92%)大于居群内变异(20.44%),说明居群间的变异 是木香花的主要变异来源; 对其地理因子与15个表型性状相关性分析表明经度对性状的影响较大; 利用群体间欧氏距离进行的UPG-MA聚类分析结果显示,5个天然群体可以划分为2类.

#### 关键词: 木香花 居群 表型多样性 蔷薇属

Abstract: 15 phenotypic characters of Rosa banksiae from five natural populations in Yunnan were analyzed applying the population biological theories and methods. The results showed that variation was widely distributed among and intra-populations, Fvalue of the 15 characters were from 1.92 to 370.6, and most traits were quite significantly or significantly diversified both among and within populations; The mean phenotypic differentiation coefficient of the 15 characters was 61.10%,and the variation among populations was higher,which indicated that the variation among populations was the main source of the phenotypic variation; The Correlation analysis showed that most characters were affected by different latitudes; Five natural populations was arranged into 2 groups by UPGMAcluster analysis.

#### Key words:

收稿日期: 2009-09-22;

通讯作者: 唐开学(1965-),男,研究员,博士,主要从事月季育种、多种性保护、分类等方面的研究,E-

mail: kxtang@homtail.com.

#### 引用本文:

陈玲,张颢,邱显钦等. 云南木香花天然居群的表型多样性研究[J]. 云南大学学报(自然科学版), 2010, 32(2): 243-248.

\$author.xingMing\_EN,\$author.xingMing\_EN,\$author.xingMing\_EN et al. A study on phenotypic diversities in the natural population of Rosa banksiae Ait. in Yunnan[J]., 2010, 32(2): 243-248.

服务

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ E-mail Alert
- **▶** RSS

## 作者相关文章

- ▶ 陈玲
- ▶ 张颢
- ▶邱显钦
- ▶ 蹇洪英
- ▶ 李树发
- ▶ 王其刚
- ▶ 唐开学

没有本文参考文献

# 版权所有 © 《云南大学学报(自然科学版)》编辑部

编辑出版:云南大学学报编辑部 (昆明市翠湖北路2号,650091)

电话: 0871-5033829(传真) 5031498 5031662 E-mail: yndxxb@ynu.edu.cn yndxxb@163.com