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The efficiency of the Swedish trappy in catching freshwater crayfish *Pacifastacus leniusculus*
and *Astacus leptodactylus*

Muzaffer Mustafa HARLIOĞLU

The Faculty of Aquaculture The University of Firat, Elazığ-TURKEY

 [Keywords](#)
[Authors](#)



zool@tubitak.gov.tr

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Abstract: The efficiency of the Swedish trappy in catching *Pacifastacus leniusculus* and *Astacus leptodactylus* was studied. The results showed that the Swedish trappy was very effective at catching both *P. leniusculus* and *A. leptodactylus*. In the concrete tank study, 71.6% of the total crayfish in the *A. leptodactylus* tanks and 60% of the total crayfish in the *P. leniusculus* tanks had been caught with baited traps at the end of the experiment. On the other hand, it was found that there was considerable movement of crayfish in and out of the traps, and consequently a decline in the number of crayfish in some traps over time. The results also showed that there was no significant difference in the total number of captured *P. leniusculus* and *A. leptodactylus* ($P>0.05$), but a significantly greater amount *P. leniusculus* escaped from the trap and changed traps than of *A. leptodactylus* ($P<0.001$). It was also observed that baited traps caught significantly more crayfish of both species than unbaited traps ($P<0.05$). The present study reveals that in order to maximise catching efficiency it is better to empty the traps a number of times during the night. In addition, because the escape rate of *P. leniusculus* is significantly higher, the opening of the entrances of the Swedish trap-py should be reduced for this species.

Key Words: Crayfish, *Pacifastacus leniusculus*, *Astacus leptodactylus*, trapping, swedish trappy

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