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瑞氏木霉QM9414利用蔗渣发酵产纤维素酶的研究

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Study on production of cellulase using bagasse by Trichoderma reesei QM9414

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摘要

以蔗渣为培养基料,通过单因子及正交试验,对瑞氏木霉QM9414固体发酵产纤维素酶的产酶条件进行了探讨。其优化的产酶条件为:甘蔗渣2.5g,麸皮1g,加含7.5g/L(NH₄)₂SO₄的Mandels营养液14mL(干物质(g)与水(mL)的比例为1:4),调初始pH4.0,30℃发酵120h。在此优化条件下,每克干曲产纤维素酶活力可达8.26U。

关键词: 蔗渣 瑞氏木霉QM9414 正交实验 固态发酵 培养条件优化

Abstract:

Utilizing bagasse as substrate the culture conditions for the production of extra-cellular cellulase in solid-state fermentation Trichoderma reesei QM9414 was studied through single factor experiments and orthogonal test. The results showed that the optimal culture conditions were as follows: medium prepared from 1g bagasse, 2.5g wheat bran and 14mL Mandels nutritional liquid containing 7.5g/L(NH₄)₂SO₄, adjustment of initial pH to 4.0, at 30℃ for 120h. Under these optimal fermentation conditions, cellulase activity reached 8.26U/g dry medium.

Key words:

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