

汶川地震重灾区陇南红土坡滑坡稳定性分析与防治对策研究

穆鹏^{①②}, 吴玮江^③, 折学森^②

①长安大学公路学院 西安 710064;

②长安大学特殊地区公路工程教育部重点实验室 西安 710064;

③甘肃省科学院地质自然灾害防治研究所 兰州 730000

STABILITY ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR HONGTUPO LANDSLIDE IN SEVERE DISASTER AREA OF SOUTHERN GANSU INDUCED BY WENCHUAN EARTHQUAKE

MU Peng^{①②}, WU Weijiang^③, SHE Xuesen^②

①School of Highway, Chang'an University, Xi'an 710064;

②Key Laboratory for Special Area Highway Engineering of Ministry of Education, Chang'an University, Xi'an 710064;

③Geological Hazards Prevention Institute, Gansu Academy of Sciences, Lanzhou 730000

- 摘要
- 参考文献
- 相关文章

全文: PDF (774 KB) HTML (KB) 输出: BibTeX | EndNote (RIS) 背景资料

摘要 汶川地震诱发了大量的次生地质灾害,陇南红土坡滑坡在地震期间局部发生崩塌并出现大量拉张裂缝,该滑坡一旦整体复活滑动,将堵塞北岷河形成堰塞湖,对北岷河下游陇南武都城区8万人以及红土坡上游村庄928人的生命财产安全造成极大威胁。因此准确判断该滑坡稳定性,并采取相应的防治措施尤为重要。本文基于滑坡区地质环境,通过区域地质调查、坡微地貌和变形破坏特征测量等手段,对红土坡滑坡特征和成因进行了系统研究。研究成果表明,该滑坡具有显著的分级分块滑动特性,地震、降雨、河流冲刷及不良的岩土体工程地质性质是形成该滑坡的主要因素。在分析滑坡成因的基础上,采用传递系数法等手段,定性与定量相结合,评价该滑坡在天然、暴雨和地震工况下的稳定性,并提出了预应力锚索框架+拦挡坝+排水+护岸墙等综合防治对策。

关键词: 汶川地震 滑坡 稳定性分析 防治对策

Abstract: The "5·12" Wenchuan earthquake induced many secondary geological disasters. The Hongtupo landslide in southern Gansu took place in large-scale collapse and cracks during the earthquake. If the landslide was moved as a whole, then it would form a dammed lake. It seriously threatens the safety of eighty hundreds people in place below the landslide. So, it is very important to adequately understand stability of the landslide and take effective emergency measures. Based on the geological environment where landslide located, a systematic research on characteristics and forming mechanism of the Hongtupo landslide at Southern Gansu was achieved. The used methods included regional geological investigation, measurement of micro physiognomy and failure and geophysical reconnaissance survey. The research results show that this landslide has the characteristics of remarkable classification and partitioning. The key elements of inducing this landslide to be revivable are rainfall, earthquake, river degradation and poor rock and soil mass engineering geological properties. Based on the landslide forming mechanism, using the method of transfer coefficient and so on, the stability states were evaluated by combination of qualitative and quantitative analysis on the conditions of natural state, rainfall and earthquake, respectively. The integrated control measures of prestressed anchor cable frame, blocking dam, draining and protective wall are put forward.

Key words: Wenchuan earthquake Landslide Stability analysis Control measures

收稿日期: 2011-06-25;

基金资助: 交通运输部行业联合科技攻关项目(2008353361420), 西部灾害与环境力学教育部重点实验室开放基金项目(Klmwde201004), "5·12"汶川地震中央灾后重建基金项目资助

引用本文:

穆鹏,吴玮江,折学森. 汶川地震重灾区陇南红土坡滑坡稳定性分析与防治对策研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 204-212.

服务

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ E-mail Alert
- ▶ RSS

作者相关文章

- ▶ 穆鹏
- ▶ 吴玮江
- ▶ 折学森

MU Peng,WU Weijiang,SHE Xuesen. STABILITY ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR HONGTUPO LANDSLIDE IN SEVERE DISASTER AREA OF SOUTHERN GANSU INDUCED BY WENCHUAN EARTHQUAKE[J]. Journal of Engineering Geology, 2012, (2): 204-212.

[1] 黄润秋,李为乐. "5·12"汶川大地震触发地质灾害的发育分布规律研究[J].岩石力学与工程学报, 2008, 27 (12): 2585~2592.

[2] Huang Runqiu,Li Weile.Research on development and distribution rules of geohazards induced by Wenchuan earthquake on 12th May,

- [3] Huang Runqiu,Li Weile.Characteristics of geological disasters of 5.12 Wenchuan earthquake and recommendation on its impact on reconstruction.Chinese Geological Education, 2008,(2): 21~24.
- [4] Huang Runqiu,Xu Qiang.Catastrophic Landslides in China.Beijing: Science Press, 2008. 
- [5] 黄润秋.20世纪以来中国的大型滑坡及其发生机制[J].岩石力学与工程学报, 2007, 26 (3): 433~454. 
- Huang Runqiu.Large-scale landslides and their sliding mechanisms in China since the 20th century.Chinese Journal of Rock Mechanics and Engineering, 2007, 26 (3): 433~454.
- [6] 李晓, 张年学, 李守定, 等.奉节白衣庵滑坡演化的工程地质与历史地质分析[J].岩石力学与工程学报, 2006, 25 (12): 2416~2424. 
- Li Xiao,Zhang Nianxue,Li Shouding,et al.Engineering geological and historic geological analysis of Baiyian landslide evolution in Fengjie county.Chinese Journal of Rock Mechanics and Engineering, 2006, 25 (12): 2416~2424.
- [7] 祁生文, 伍法权, 常中华, 等.三峡地区奉节县城缓倾层状岸坡变形破坏模式及成因机制[J].岩土工程学报, 2006, 28 (1): 88~91. 
- Qi Shengwen,Wu Faquan,Chang Zhonghua,et al.Mechanism and model for deformation of bank slope with slightly inclined soil layers in Fengjie County of Three Gorges.Chinese Journal of Geotechnical Engineering, 2006, 28 (1): 88~91.
- [8] Li Shouding,Li Xiao,Dong Yanhui, et al.The study of Ji'an landslide character and origin in Chongqing Wanzhou.Chinese Journal of Rock Mechanics and Engineering, 2005,(9): 2159~3164.
- [9] 黄润秋. 中国西部地区典型岩质滑坡机理研究[J].地球科学进展, 2004, 19 (3): 444~450.
- Huang Runqiu.Mechanism of large scale landslides in western China.Advance in Earth Sciences, 2004, 19 (3): 444~450.
- [10] Liao Qiulin,Li Xiao,Li Shouding, et al.Occurrence,geology and geomorphy characteristics and origin of Qianjiangping landslide in Three Gorges Reservoir area and study on acient landslide criterion.Chinese Journal of Rock Mechanics and Engineering, 2005,(9): 3146~3153.
- [11] 成国文, 李晓, 许家美, 等.重庆涪陵五中滑坡特征及成因分析[J].工程地质学报, 2009, 17 (2): 220~227. 浏览
- [12] Cheng Guowen,Li Xiao,Xu Jiamei,et al.Characteristics and causes of landslide at Fuling Fifth Middle School in Chongqing.Journal of Engineering Geology, 2007, 17 (2): 220~227.
- [13] Zhang Zhuoyuan,Wang Shitian,Wang Lansheng.Principles of Engineering Geology.Beijing: Geological Publishing House, 1994.
- [14] Qi Shengwen,Wu Faquan,Yan Fuzhang,et al.Rock Slope Dynamic Response Analysis.Beijing: Science Press, 2007.
- [15] 方玉树. 滑坡稳定分析传递系数法若干问题、讨论[J].工程地质学报, 2007, 15 (5): 607~611. 浏览
- [16] Fang Yushu.The issues of landslide stability analysis of the transfer coefficient.Journal of Engineering Geology, 2007, 15 (5): 611~607.
- [17] Tao Zhiping,Zhou Depei,Yue Zhiqin.The study of improve the method of transfer coefficient in the landslide' s thrust calculation.Roadbed, 2006,(5): 80~81.
- [18] The National Standards Compilation Group of People's Republic of China.GB50021-2001Code for Investigation of Geotechnical Engineering.Beijing: China Architecture and Building Press, 2002.
- [1] 许强. 滑坡的变形破坏行为与内在机理[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 145-151.
- [2] 赵洲, 侯恩科, 王建智, 邓念东, 许冲. 县域滑坡灾害风险管理信息系统研发与应用: 以陕西省宁强县为例 [J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 170-182.
- [3] 胡炜, 张茂省, 朱立峰, 汪发武. 黑方台灌溉渗透型黄土滑坡的运动学模拟研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 183-188.
- [4] 于生飞, 陈征宙, 张明瑞, 胡谢飞, 王树州. 基于区间不确定分析方法的边坡稳定性分析[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 228-233.
- [5] 陶连金, 沈小辉, 王开源, 魏云杰, 王文沛. 某大型高速公路滑坡稳定性分析及锚桩加固的模拟研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, (2): 259-265.
- [6] 乔建平, 杨宗信. 区域滑坡风险综合评估的三要素[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, 20(1): 1-6.
- [7] 朱静, 常鸣, 丁军, 齐信. 汶川震区暴雨泥石流危险范围预测研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, 20(1): 7-14.
- [8] 聂林, 杨涛, 马惠民, 周德培. 基于滑动机理分析的滑带强度参数反演[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, 20(1): 15-20.
- [9] 苟富刚, 王运生, 吴俊峰, 陈宁, 邓茜. 都江堰庙坝地震高位滑坡特征与成因机理研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2012, 20(1): 21-29.
- [10] 李腾飞, 李晓, 苑伟娜, 李守定, 赫建明, 马超锋, 陈雨, 王刚. 地下采矿诱发山体崩滑地质灾害研究现状与展望[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(6): 831-838.
- [11] 彭鹏, 单治钢, 董育烦, 贾海波, 霍吉祥. 多传感器估值融合理论在滑坡动态变形监测中的应用研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(6): 928-934.
- [12] 胡新丽, 唐辉明, 李长冬, 王亮清, 刘佑荣. 基于参数反演的保扎滑坡变形破坏机理研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(6): 795-801.
- [13] 刘裕华, 陈征宙, 蒋鑫, 毕港. 潮汐应力对滑坡的触发机理研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(6): 802-808.
- [14] 黄承忠. 考虑地下水作用的滑坡时间预测研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(6): 816-822.
- [15] 殷跃平, 成余粮, 王军, 王猛, 刘彬, 宋云, 梁京涛. 汶川地震触发大光包巨型滑坡遥感研究[J]. 工程地质学报, 2011, 19(5): 674-684.

地址: 北京9825信箱 邮政编码: 100029

电话: 010—82998121 , 82998124 传真: 010—82998121 Email: gcdz@mail.igcas.ac.cn