

论文

结构性饱和黄土动力特性试验研究

胡伟 | 韩建刚

(海南大学土木建筑工程学院 | 海口 | 570228)

摘要:

基于室内不排水动三轴试验,研究了5种因素,即围压、超固结比、偏压固结比、动剪应力比、加载频率等对饱和黄土动力特性的影响。本文强调了结构性在饱和黄土动力特性研究中的重要性,结构性的破坏是影响土体动力学特性的一个重要转折点。并阐明了用塑性残余变形来表征土体内部结构的变化并以此作为孔压增长函数自变量的合理性。

关键词: 饱和黄土 结构性 孔压 超固结比 偏压固结比 循环振次 应变

LABORATORY TESTING STUDY OF DYNAMIC PROPERTIES | OF SATURATED | LOESS FOR EFFECT OF ITS INTERNAL STRUCTURE

HU Wei | HAN Jiangang

(College of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Hainan University, Haikou | 570228)

Abstract:

On the base of un-drained dynamic tri-axial shearing tests. It examines the five influence factors on the dynamic properties of saturated loess, where the loess has its original internal structure. The five factors are the initial consolidated pressure, the over-consolidation ratio, the consolidated ratio, the dynamic shearing stress ratio and the frequency. The results are compared to other references and analyzed in detail. The structure of saturated loess is emphasized. The destroy of the loess's internal structure is a turning point for the dynamic properties. It is reasonable to use plastic strain to describe the change of structure and constitute the super-pore pressure model. The relevant formulation is also given.

Keywords: Saturated loess, Internal soil structure, Pore water pressure, Over-consolidated ratio, Anisotropic consolidated ratio, Dynamic, Strain

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者:

作者简介:

作者Email: yilukuangben1982@sohu.com

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

1. 杨继红 | 董金玉 | 郝小红 | 刘汉东 | 刘海宁. 岩体应力应变曲线转型的孔压效应与降雨滑坡的机制分析[J]. 工程地质学报, 2009, 17(5): 662-665
2. 杨继红 ① ■ 董金玉 ①② ■ 郝小红 ① ■ 刘汉东 ① ■ 刘海宁 ①. 岩体应力应变曲线转型的孔压效应与降雨滑坡的机制分析[J]. 工程地质学报, 0,(): 662-665

文章评论

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(1030KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文]
- ▶ 参考文献[PDF]
- ▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ 引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

- ▶ 饱和黄土
- ▶ 结构性
- ▶ 孔压
- ▶ 超固结比
- ▶ 偏压固结比
- ▶ 循环振次
- ▶ 应变

本文作者相关文章

PubMed

反  
馈

邮箱地址

人			
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text" value="7321"/>