

[Available Issues](#) | [Japanese](#)

Author: [ADVANCED](#) | Volume Page
Keyword:



[TOP](#) > [Available Issues](#) > [Table of Contents](#) > [Abstract](#)

Journal of The Remote Sensing Society of Japan

Vol. 28 (2008) , No. 3 p.256-264

[E](#)

Distribution Analysis of Farm Product Field by Remote Sensing

[Eiji WAKITA](#)¹⁾

1) Environmental Engineering Department, National Gunma College

(Received September 18, 2007)

(Accepted February 19, 2008)

Abstract

This paper proposes a new method to estimate the distribution of farm product field by analyzing the satellite image. In this study the konjac field is dealt with product field. However, it is expected that the result of this study is farm products as well as the konjac. The procedure of the land cover classification by the proposed method is as follows.

- 1) The likelihood values are estimated by using the pixel values of the satellite image, the NDVI and the NDCI as the evaluation index.
- 2) The land cover classification is performed by judging the likelihood value against the standard likelihood value corresponding to the reliability.

The field survey and satellite image photography were executed simultaneously where the farm product fields crowd. The proposed method and the method were applied to the obtained satellite image, and the classification of the satellite image was executed. It was confirmed that the both methods give the field survey result with a fair degree of precision. It became clear that the proposed method gives more satisfactory result than the maximum likelihood method in the both methods.

Keywords: [farm product field](#), [satellite image](#), [land cover classification](#), [maximum likelihood method](#)

[\[PDF \(1047K\)\]](#) [\[References\]](#)

Download

To cite this article:

Eiji WAKITA: Distribution Analysis of Farm Product Field by Remote Sensing
The Remote Sensing Society of Japan, **28**, **3**, pp.256-264, 2008 .
