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Function Field Methodology for Estimating Spectral Mar from ADEOS-II Global Imager Data

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Abstract

A general function field methodology for estimating ocean color var applied to the retrieval of spectral marine reflectance from Global II top-of-atmosphere GLI reflectance vectors, after correction for moconsidered as explanatory variables conditioned by the angular geoi problem, therefore, is viewed as a collection of similar inverse problemed by the angular variables. The solution is in the form of a fiel models over the set of permitted values for the angular variables. The

reasons of approximation theory, are fields of shifted ridge functions on synthetic GLI data for Case 1 waters are robust to noise, they ha weakly and strongly absorbing aerosols, and the retrievals are accurant productive waters. In the presence of 1% noise, the RMS erro 380 nm, 0.0003 (2.8%) at 460nm, and 0.0001 (1.5%) at 545nm, i.a acceptable limits for quantitative biology applications. The theoretic possible extensions, show the potential of the function field methods estimation of marine reflectance from GLI data, even in the near ultr

Keywords: <u>ocean color</u>, <u>marine reflectance</u>, <u>remote sensing</u>, <u>functi inverse problems</u>

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