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激光熔覆纳米 Al_2O_3 等离子喷涂陶瓷涂层花国然^{1, 2}, 黄因慧¹, 赵剑峰¹, 王 蕾¹,
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摘 要: 采用X射线衍射仪、扫描电镜和显微硬度计研究了45#钢表面激光熔覆纳米 Al_2O_3 改性 $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3+13\%\text{TiO}_2$ (质量分数) 陶瓷涂层的相组成、微观结构和显微硬度, 同时对涂层的磨损特性进行了考察。结果表明, 激光重熔区亚稳相 $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ 转变成稳定相 $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$, 熔覆层由粗颗粒 $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ 和 TiO_2 以及纳米 $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ 颗粒组成, 在激光的作用下, 等离子喷涂层的片层状结构得以消除; 纳米 Al_2O_3 颗粒仍然保持在纳米尺度, 填充在涂层的大颗粒之间, 使涂层致密化程度得以提高, 因此纳米 Al_2O_3 改性涂层的显微硬度较高, 且其耐磨性能明显优于等离子喷涂层。

关键词: 纳米 Al_2O_3 颗粒; Al_2O_3 ; TiO_2 ; 等离子喷涂; 复合陶瓷涂层; 激光熔覆

Plasma-sprayed ceramic coating by laser cladding of Al_2O_3 nano-particles

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Abstract: The phase constitution, microstructure and microhardness of $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3+13\%\text{TiO}_2$ (mass fraction) composite ceramic coatings laser-cladded by Al_2O_3 nano-particles on 45# steel were investigated using X-ray diffractometry, scanning electron microscopy and microhardness measurement. Also, wear behavior of the coatings was studied. The results show that the metastable $\gamma\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ phases in the cladding area transfer into stable phase of $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$, composite ceramic coating consists of $\alpha\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3$ and TiO_2 , and lamellar structure of plasma-sprayed coatings is eliminated after the laser-cladding. A large number of Al_2O_3 nano-particles are found among the large particles of the ceramic coating and play an important role in improving the density of the ceramic coating. So laser-cladded nano- Al_2O_3 ceramic coating has higher hardness and better wear resistance than plasma sprayed $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3+13\%\text{TiO}_2$ coating does.

Key words: Al_2O_3 nano-particle; alumina; titania; plasma spraying; composite ceramic coating; laser cladding

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