

论文

超重力下燃烧合成TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC共晶复合陶瓷

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摘要:

采用超重力下燃烧合成技术, 制备出TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC共晶复合陶瓷。XRD、SEM与EDS结果表明, 复合陶瓷主要由大量细小的TiB<sub>2</sub>片晶均匀分布于TiC基体上的共晶组织构成, 而富钛ε碳化物(Ti, Cr)C<sub>1-x</sub>则断续分布于TiC基体间, 同时在基体中还孤立分布着少量的、形态不规则的α-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>晶粒或Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-ZrO<sub>2</sub>共晶团组织。高温化学反应使所有产物均呈液态, 且超重力的引入诱发熔体内部Stocks流, 从而获得液态Ti-Cr-C-B与液态氧化物的分层熔体, 液态Ti-Cr-C-B在远离平衡态下发生共晶反应生成TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC共晶复合陶瓷。性能测试表明, 随着B<sub>4</sub>C + Ti + C在燃烧体系中质量分数增加, TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC共晶复合陶瓷相对密度和断裂韧性变化不大, 分别为97%~99%与6.5~7.1

MPa·m<sup>1/2</sup>, 而维氏硬度与弯曲强度则逐渐增加, 最高可达28.6 GPa与615 MPa。

关键词: TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC复合陶瓷 燃烧合成 超重力 快速凝固 共晶转变

TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC eutectic composite ceramics prepared by combustion synthesis under high gravity

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Abstract:

TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC eutectic composite ceramics were prepared by combustion synthesis under high gravity. XRD, SEM and EDS results show that TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC composites are mainly composed of the eutectic microstructures of TiC matrix, in which a large number of the fine TiB<sub>2</sub> platelet grains are dispersed uniformly; meanwhile, at the boundaries of the eutectic microstructures there discontinuously disperse the ε-carbides with the enrichment of Ti atoms, and a few of isolated, irregular α-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> grains and Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-ZrO<sub>2</sub> colonies are also observed. Because high-temperature chemical reaction results in the full-liquid products, and the introduction of high gravity induces the Stocks flow in the melts, leading to the formation of layered melts consisting of liquid Ti-Cr-C-B and liquid oxides, it is considered that TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC composites grow through eutectic transformation far away from the equilibrium state. The results of properties indicate that with increasing mass fraction of B<sub>4</sub>C + Ti + C in combustion systems, the relative density and fracture toughness of TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC composites are all among 97%~99% and 6.5~7.1 MPa·m<sup>1/2</sup>, respectively, and the Vickers hardness and flexural strength are increased gradually to the maximum values of 28.6 GPa and 615 MPa, respectively.

Keywords: TiB<sub>2</sub>-TiC composite ceramics combustion synthesis high gravity rapid solidification eutectic transformation

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