论文

非晶金刚石薄膜对温度的敏感性研究

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采用过滤阴极真空电弧技术制备非晶金刚石薄膜,在-190~600℃范围研究非晶金刚石薄膜的温度敏感性. 利用液氮泵在Linkam试验台上冷却样品并实时采样,通过炉中退火实现样品加热. 分别测试可见光拉曼光谱和纳米压痕,研究薄膜的微结构和机械性能的变化. 实验表明: 过滤阴极真空电弧制备的非晶金刚石薄膜具有较好的热稳定性. 在空气中退火到400℃,其硬度和弹性模量基本保持不变,其结构可以一直稳定到500℃,但是到600℃,薄膜因为氧化作用而快速消耗. 非晶金刚石薄膜的可见光拉曼光谱显示随着温度的升高,谱峰峰位向高频偏移. 在低温冷却过程中,薄膜对温度变化不敏感,其结构保持不变.

关键词 <u>非晶金刚石</u> 过滤阴极真空电弧 <u>温度敏感性</u> 拉曼光谱 分类号 0484

Temperature-dependent Microstructural Properties of Amorphous Diamond Films

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Abstract

The temperature sensibility of amorphous diamond (a-D) films deposited with the filtered cathodic vacuum arc technology was investigated in the range of -190-600 $^{\circ}$ C. The samples cooled by liquid nitrogen pump were \$in~situ\$ measured on a Linkam stage and the samples for thermal stability were heated in a furnace. The microstructure and mechanical properties were respectively examined by visible Raman spectroscopy and a nanoindenter. The results show that a-D films have better thermal stability in air, they can hold their hardness up to 400 $^{\circ}$ C and hold their structure up to 500 $^{\circ}$ C. However, the complete material loss takes place at about 600 $^{\circ}$ C. Raman measurements show an apparent shift of the Gpeak frequency to higher values with increasing annealing temperatures. The films are not sensitive to lower temperatures. The microstucture of the films remains stable as temperatures are decreased to -190 $^{\circ}$ C.

Key words amorphous diamond filtered cathodic vacuum arc temperature sensibility Raman spectroscopy

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