

论文摘要

中国有色金属学报

ZHONGGUO YOUSEJINSHUXUEBAO XUEBAO

第17卷 第2期 (总第95期) 2007年2月

 [PDF全文下载]

文章编号: 1004-0609(2007)02-0233-06

不同热处理态Ti-50.2Ni形状记忆合金 的相变特性

贺志荣

(陕西理工学院 材料科学与工程学院, 汉中 723003)

摘要: 用示差扫描量热仪研究了退火温度、退火时间和时效温度、时效时间对Ti-50.2Ni(摩尔分数)形状记忆合金丝相变特性的影响, 给出了退火、时效工艺对该合金R、M相变温度和热滞的影响规律。结果表明: 350~550℃退火态合金冷却/加热相变类型为A→R→M/M→A(A—母相, R—R相, M—马氏体), 600~800℃退火态为A→M/M→A, 400℃长时间退火态相变类型为A→R→M/M→R→A; 随时效时间延长, 300℃时效态合金的相变类型经过A→M/M→A到A→R→M/M→A再到A→R→M/M→R→A的转变, 400℃时效态相变类型经过A→M/M→A到A→R→M/M→A的转变, 500℃时效态相变类型则保持A→M/M→A不变。

关键字: Ti-50.2Ni合金; 形状记忆合金; 相变温度; 热滞

Transformation characteristics of Ti-50.2Ni shape memory alloy heat-treated in different processes

HE Zhi-rong

(School of Materials Science and Engineering, Shaanxi
University of Technology, Hanzhong 723003, China)

Abstract: The effects of annealing temperature, annealing time, aging temperature, and aging time on the transformation characteristics of Ti-50.2Ni (atomic percentage) shape memory alloy wire were investigated by differential scanning calorimetry. The effect regularity of annealing and aging processes on the R, M transformation temperature and temperature hysteresis were given out. The results show that the cooling / heating transformation type of 350–550 °C annealed Ti-50.2Ni alloy is A→R→M/M→A (A is parent phase, R is R phase, M is martensite), that of 600–800 °C annealed alloy is A→M/M→A, and that of the alloy annealed at 400 °C for long time is A→R→M/M→R→A. With increasing aging time, the transformation type of 300 °C aged alloy changes from A→M/M→A then A→R→M/M→A to A→R→M/M→R→A,

the one of 400 °C aged alloy changes from A→M/M→A to A→R→M/M→A, and the one of 500 °C aged alloy keeps as A→M/M→A.

Key words: Ti-50.2Ni alloy; shape memory alloy; transformation temperature; temperature hysteresis

版权所有：《中国有色金属学报》编辑部

地 址：湖南省长沙市岳麓山中南大学内 邮编： 410083

电 话： 0731-8876765, 8877197, 8830410 传真： 0731-8877197

电子邮箱： f-ysxb@mail.csu.edu.cn