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上海大学学报(自然科学版) » 2008, Vol. 14 » Issue (5):525-530 DOI:

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用三维原子探针研究压力容器模拟钢中富铜原子团簇的析出

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3D Atom Probe Characterization of Precipitation of Cu-rich Clusters in Pressure Vessel Model Steel

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摘要 用三维原子探针(3DAP)和热时效处理方法研究压力容器模拟钢中富铜原子团簇的析出过程.提高了Cu含量的压力容器模拟钢样品经过880 ℃加热淬火后,在400和500 ℃进行了不同时间的时效处理,显微硬度测试结果表明,在400和500 ℃时效的过程中硬度峰值分别出现在100和5 h.3DAP分析结果显示,样品在400 ℃分别时效100,150和300 h后,富铜原子团簇的数量密度是递增的,从1.5×10²³ m⁻³ 增加到6.2×10²³m⁻³,但富铜原子团簇的长大非常缓慢,团簇的最大等效直径只从2 nm增大到了3.5 nm,团簇中的Cu原子数分数 x 为20%,还含有Mn和Ni,并且观察到Mn和Ni在团簇和基体金属的界面处发生明显的富集.

关键词: 压力容器钢 富铜原子团簇 三维原子探针(3DAP) 热处理

Abstract: Three-dimensional atom probe (3DAP) and thermal aged method were used to characterize precipitation of Cu-rich clusters in pressure vessel model steel. Pressure vessel model steel specimens were quenched at 880 °C, then aged at 400 °C and 500 °C for different time. The results of hardness test show that peak hardness reached for 100 h aged at 400 °C and 5 h aged at 500 °C, respectively. Analysis results of 3DAP indicate that the number density of Cu-rich clusters increases from $1.5\times10^{23}\,\mathrm{m}^{-3}$ to $6.2\times10^{23}\mathrm{m}^{-3}$, and equivalent diameter of the biggest clusters increases from 2 nm to 3.5 nm after aging 100 h and 300 h at 400 °C. It shows that the growth of Cu-rich clusters is very slow. The content of Cu in Cu-rich clusters is about 20%. Both Mn and Ni atoms are also segregated in Cu-rich clusters and distribution riched at the a Fe matrix/clusters interfaces.

Keywords: pressure vessel steel. Cu-rich cluster. 3-dimensional atom probe. thermal aging

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收稿日期: 2008-04-09; 出版日期: 2008-10-23

通讯作者 周邦新

引用本文:

朱娟娟, 王伟, 林民东等、用三维原子探针研究压力容器模拟钢中富铜原子团簇的析出[J] 上海大学学报(自然科学版), 2008, V14(5): 525-530

ZHU Juan-juan, WANG Wei, LIN Min-dong etc .3D Atom Probe Characterization of Precipitation of Cu-rich Clusters in Pressure Vessel Model Steel [J] J.Shanghai University (Natural Science Edition), 2008,V14(5): 525-530

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