

Volume XXXVIII-5/W12

Int. Arch. Photogramm. Remote Sens. Spatial Inf. Sci., XXXVIII-5/W12, 115-120, 2011 www.int-arch-photogramm-remote-sens-spatial-inf-sci.net/XXXVIII-5-W12/115/2011/doi:10.5194/isprsarchives-XXXVIII-5-W12-115-2011

© Author(s) 2011. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 License.

POLE-LIKE OBJECTS RECOGNITION FROM MOBILE LASER SCANNING DATA USING SMOOTHING AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS

H. Yokoyama¹, H. Date¹, S. Kanai¹, and H. Takeda²

¹Graduate School of Information Science and Technology, Hokkaido University, Sapporo060-0814, Japan

²Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd, Chiyoda-ku102-0085, Japan

Keywords: Mobile Laser Scanning, Object Recognition, Laplacian Smoothing, Point Clouds, Principal Component Analysis, Pole-like Objects

Abstract. With the spread of the Mobile Laser Scanning (MLS) system, the demands for the management of road and facilities using MLS point clouds have increased. Especially, pole-like objects such as streetlights, utility poles, street signs and etc. are in high demand as facilities to be managed. We propose a method for recognizing pole-like objects from MLS point clouds. Our method is based on Laplacian smoothing using the k-nearest neighbors graph, Principal Component Analysis for recognizing points on pole-like objects, and thresholding for the degree of pole-like objects. Our method can robustly recognize pole-like objects with various radii and tilt angles from MLS point clouds. For correctly segmented objects, accuracy of pole-like object recognition is on average 97.4%.

Conference Paper (PDF, 1131 KB)

Citation: Yokoyama, H., Date, H., Kanai, S., and Takeda, H.: POLE-LIKE OBJECTS RECOGNITION FROM MOBILE LASER SCANNING DATA USING SMOOTHING AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS, Int. Arch. Photogramm. Remote Sens. Spatial Inf. Sci., XXXVIII-5/W12, 115-120, doi:10.5194/isprsarchives-XXXVIII-5-W12-115-2011, 2011.

Bibtex EndNote Reference Manager XML