**Turkish Journal** 

of

## Electrical Engineering & Computer Sciences



## Turkish Journal of Electrical Engineering & Computer Sciences

Aggregation, Foraging, and Formation Control of Swarms with Non-Holonomic Agents Using Potential Functions and Sliding Mode Techniques

> Veysel GAZI<sup>1</sup>, Barış FİDAN<sup>2</sup>, Y. Sinan HANAY<sup>1</sup> and M. İlter KÖKSAL<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Söğütözü Cad. No: 43, 06560 Ankara-TURKEY e-mail: {vgazi, hanay, i.koksal}@etu.edu.tr

> <sup>2</sup>National ICT Australia Ltd.and The Australian National University, Research School of Information Sciences & Engineering, Canberra-AUSTRALIA e-mail: Baris,Fidan@anu.edu.au



elektrik@tubitak.gov.tr

Scientific Journals Home Page

**Abstract:** In this article we consider the aggregation, foraging, and formation control of swarms whose agents are moving in 2-dimensions with non-holonomic unicycle agent dynamics. We approach these problems using artificial potentials and sliding mode control. The main contribution is extension of the recent results (mainly for aggregation) in the literature based on a similar approach for simple integrator agent dynamics models to a significantly more realistic and more difficult setting with non-holonomic unicycle agent dynamics models. In particular, we design continuous-time control schemes via a constructive analysis based on artificial potential functions and sliding mode control techniques. The effectiveness of the proposed designs are demonstrated analytically as well as via a set of simulation results.

Turk. J. Elec. Eng. & Comp. Sci., **15**, (2007), 149-168. Full text: <u>pdf</u>

Other articles published in the same issue: Turk. J. Elec. Eng. & Comp. Sci., vol.15, iss.2.