论文与报告

论CSMA/CD协议的数学原理

罗桂兰, 赵海, 张文波, 赵明, 张浩华

- 1. 东北大学嵌入式技术省级重点实验室 沈阳 110004
- 2. 沈阳师范大学软件学院 沈阳 110034

收稿日期 2005-9-20 修回日期 2006-6-20 网络版发布日期 2007-6-20 接受日期 摘要

CSMA/CD 网络在长期试错中已经从单总线型网络发展到了堆叠式网络,但其不确定性本质上并未得到解决.本文从数学原理角度推导了其不确定性解决的理论依据,通过对堆叠式网络数学模型的抽象,证明了堆叠式网络结构服从幂率变换定理,在其时间敏感性上以幂率收敛方式优于单总线型网络,并从网络吞吐量和网络传输效率性能分析评价了该模型.最后,总结出了CSMA/CD的理论``究竟'',拓宽了CSMA/CD在嵌入式工业控制领域的``方便''应用.

 关键词
 CSMA/CD
 不确定性
 幂率变换
 数学模型
 时间敏感性

 分类号
 TP393.11

Demonstration of Mathematics Theory of CSMA/CD Protocol

LUO Gui-Lan, ZHAO Hai, ZHANG Wen-Bo, ZHAO Ming, ZHANG Hao-Hua

- 1. Province Key Laboratory of Embedded Technology, Northeastern University, Shenyang 110034
- 2. School of Software, Shenyang Normal University, Shenyang 110034

Abstract

The network based on CSMA/CD protocol has developed as not been solved essentially. In this paper, a theoretical foundation for resolving the uncertainty, is deduced from the angle of mathematics theory. By abstracting the mathematic model of stacking-type network, the structure of stacking-type network is proved to obey the theorem of power rate transition and to be better than the single bus-type network in that it has an exponentially convergent time-sensitivity. Furthermore, through analyzing the network capability of the network throughput and transmission efficiency, the model is evaluated. Finally the theoretical ``however'' of CSMA/CD is summarized and the applications of ``convenience'' of CSMA/CD in the embedded industrial control fields are widened.

Key words <u>CSMA/CD</u> <u>uncertainty</u> <u>power rate transition</u> <u>mathematic model</u> <u>timesensitivity</u>

DOI: 10.1360/aas-007-0500

通讯作者 罗桂兰 luogl@neuera.com

作者个人主

页 罗桂兰; 赵海; 张文波; 赵明; 张浩华

扩展功能 本文信息

- ► Supporting info
- ► <u>PDF</u>(1415KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶参考文献[PDF]
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ 复制索引
- ► Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含 "CSMA/CD"的 相关</u> 文章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- · 罗桂兰
- · <u>赵海</u>
- · <u>张文波</u>
- · 赵明
- · 张浩华