能源和环境工程

# 垃圾焚烧飞灰熔融过程二口恶英分解特性

李润东, 聂永丰, 李爱民, 王雷, 池涌, 岑可法

沈阳航空工业学院清洁能源与环境工程研究所,辽宁 沈阳 110034;清华大学环境科学与工程系,北京 100084;浙江大学热能工程研究所,浙江 杭州 310027

收稿日期 2003-4-28 修回日期 2003-7-14 网络版发布日期 2008-9-1 接受日期

摘要 关键词

二口恶英 熔融 飞灰 城市垃圾

分类号

# DECOMPOSITION CHARACTERISTICS OF PCDD/Fs DURING MELTING PROCESS OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR FLY ASH

LI Rundong, NIE Yongfeng, LI Aimin, WANG Lei, CHI Yong, CEN Kefa

#### **Abstract**

Characteristics of PCDD/Fs during the melting process of municipal solid waste incinerator fly ash were investigated by lab-scale experiments. Two kinds of fly ash samples, obtained from fixed-bed and fluidized-bed incinerators respectively, were used. The experiments were performed at various temperatures, two kinds of atmosphere ( $O_2$  and  $N_2$ ) and different residence times, and the DRE(decomposition and removal efficiency) of PCDD/Fs contained in fly ash was studied. The result revealed that approximately 99.96% dioxins were decomposed by melting under experimental condition, and the concentration of dioxins in exhaust gas of melting furnace was below the detection limit. There was an increase in temperature from  $1100^{\circ}$ C to  $1460^{\circ}$ C resulting in an increase of DRE of dioxins in fly ash from 99.968% to 100% in an oxidative melting atmosphere. The DRE of dioxins in the oxidative atmosphere is higher than that in inert atmosphere. The results will be helpful not only to studying the mechanism of dioxin decomposition in the melting process but also to evaluating the effect of pollution control.

Key words dioxins melting fly ash municipal solid waste

DOI:

## 扩展功能

### 本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(552KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

## 服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

### 相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"二口恶英"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 李润东
- . 聂永丰
- 李爱民
- ・ 王雷
- 池涌
- 岑可法