



<u>TOP</u> > <u>Available Issues</u> > <u>Table of Contents</u> > <u>Abstract</u>

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Effect of Enzymatic Fish Protein Hydrolysate from Fish Scrap on the State of Water and Denaturation of Lizard Fish (Saurida wanieso) Myofibrils during Dehydration

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Fish protein hydrolysate (FPH) was prepared from scraps of 5 marine species, in order to utilize by-products effectively by protease treatment. Protein was the major component of the FPH ranging 82–86%. The effects of 5% FPH (dried weight/wet weight) on the state of water and the denaturation of lizard fish *Saurida wanieso* myofibrils were evaluated by desorption isotherm curves, Ca-ATPase activity, and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) during dehydration. The myofibrils with FPH showed a decreased water activity (Aw), while they exhibited significantly higher Ca-ATPase activity compared to myofibrils without FPH (control). The myofibrils with FPH had higher amount of unfrozen water than the control. These results suggest that the FPH suppressed dehydration-induced denaturation, which seems to be attributable to the stabilization of the hydrated water surrounding the myofibrils.

Keywords: <u>fish protein hydrolysate, Ca-ATPase activity, water activity, unfrozen water, lizard fish, myofibrils, dehydration</u>

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