

Agricultural Journals

Czech Journal o FOOD SCIENCE

home page about us contact

us

Table of Contents

IN PRESS

CJFS 2014

CJFS 2013

CJFS 2012 CJFS 2011

CJFS 2010

CJFS 2009

CJFS 2008

CJFS 2007

CJFS 2006

CJFS 2005

CJFS 2004 CJFS 2003

CJFS 2002

CJFS 2001

CJFS Home

Editorial Board

For Authors

- Authors
 Declaration
- Instruction to Authors
- Guide for Authors
- Copyright Statement
- Submission

For Reviewers

- Guide for Reviewers
- Reviewers
 Login

Subscription

Czech J. Food Sci

Hoang V.H., Apoštolová P.,

Pokorný J. Antioxidant activity of peanut skin extracts from conventional and high-oleic peanuts

Czech J. Food Sci., 26 (2008): 447-457

Peanut skins were isolated from deshelled and dried conventional and high-oleic peanuts. In order to obtain simpler mixtures of phenolics with other components of the respective extract, the samples were extracted with solvents of increasing polarity (hexane, ethyl acetate and methanol). The amounts of extracts were as follows: methanol > hexane > ethyl acetate, and the contents of phenolic constituents in the extracts: ethy acetate > methanol > hexane. Ethyl acetate extracts from the skins of both conventional and high-oleic peanuts were about the same. The amount of peanut skin ethyl acetate extract was higher than that of tea leaves, but lower than those of Labiatae plants which were also analysed. Antioxidant activities under the

conditions of the Schaal Oven Test in lar and in rapeseed oil were only moderate, lower than in the case of synthetic antioxidants (butylated hydroxytoluene, butylated hydroxyanisole, ascorbyl palmitate). The reducing power, free DPP• radical scavenging, inactivation of hydroxylic, and superoxide free radicals