

坝址渗水析出物及其潜在影响研究

Study on seepage colloidal educts of dam and its potential effects

中文关键词: [坝址析出物](#) [取样多手段测试](#) [形成机理](#) [潜在影响](#)

英文关键词: [colliods around dam-site](#) [sampling and measurements](#) [formation: potential effects on project](#)

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中文摘要:

坝址渗水析出物对于大坝安全运行具有潜在的不利影响。采用现场调查、取样、多手段测试及资料分析等方法, 对此问题开展研究。按照出露位置, 可分为坝基及坝体析出物两类, 其形成机理包括溶解-沉淀作用、还原-氧化-絮凝作用、浸析作用等。在一定阶段, 坝基析出物对岩体的渗透稳定性及帷幕体的防渗时效性产生影响, 同时可对坝体结构的耐久性产生影响。不同成因的析出物具有不同程度的潜在影响: 化学成因的多限于微观方面, 而物理成因的则在一定阶段可显现在宏观方面。在实际工作中, 应加强对具有物理成因或化学-物理双重成因析出物的监测。

英文摘要:

The colloidal educts permeated from large dam has potential unfavorable effect on the safety of dam. The in-situ investigation, sampling and measurements, were carried out to study this phenomenon. According to the location, the colloid can be classified into two kinds: permeated from the dam foundation and from the dam body. The causes of the formation of this kind of material are dissolution-precipitation, reduction-oxidation-cementing, physical erosion and others. It is considered that the colloid formed in dam foundation would potentially have the effects both on seepage stability of rock masses and on the anti-seepage behavior of curtain, while the colloidal from the dam body has impacts on its durability. It is believed that the effect of the colloid produced by the chemical formation might be limited on the micro-aspects, whereas the one by the physical or chemo-physical formation might be identified on the macro-aspects. Therefore, it is stressed that the colloid's behavior belonging to the latter formation should be monitored from time to time.

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