首页 | 关于本刊 | 编 委 会 | 最新录用 | 过刊浏览 | 期刊征订 | 下载中心 | 广告服务 | 博客 | 论坛 | 联系我们 | English



论文













航空学报 » 2006, Vol. 27 » Issue (6):1217-1222 DOI:

最新目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

<< Previous Articles | Next Articles >>

预制体结构对炭/炭复合材料氧化行为的影响

毕燕洪^{1,2}, 罗瑞盈³, 李进松³, 李军³, 金志浩¹

1. 西安交通大学 材料科学与工程学院,陕西 西安 710049 ; 2. 空军驻兴平地区军事代表室,陕西 兴平 713106; 3. 北京航空航天大学 理学院, 北京 100083

Effect of Preform Architectures on Oxidation Behaviors of Carbon/Carbon Composites

BI Yan-hong^{1,2}, LUO Rui-ying³, LI Jin-song³, LI Jun³, JIN Zhi-hao¹

1. School of Materials Science and Engineering, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Xi'an 710049, China; 2. Air Force Plant Representative Office, Xingping 713106, China; 3. College of Science, Beijing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Beijing 100083, China

摘要 参考文献 相关文章

Download: PDF (1011KB) HTML OKB Export: BibTeX or EndNote (RIS) Supporting Info

摘要 以短纤维树脂模压、炭布叠层和针刺毡为预制体,采用CVD方法制备了3种C/C复合材料,并研究了其氧化行为,计算了氧化反应动力学数据。结果表明在氧化失重率小于60%时,其氧化失重率与氧化时间呈线性关系,而且3种样品在700℃前后具有不同的表观活化能,由此导致不同的控制机制:700℃以下为动力学控制区,700℃以上为扩散控制区。C/C复合材料的氧化速率与预制体结构有关,这主要是因为不同的预制体结构导致形成了不同的热解炭组织,比较起来炭布/CVD炭复合材料的抗氧化性能最差,短纤维树脂模压/CVD和针刺毡/CVD炭复合材料具有较好的抗氧化性能。3种材料的氧化过程基本一致,都是首先从材料内空隙缺陷处开始氧化,伴随着炭纤维和基体炭同时氧化,炭纤维变得越来越细,最后基体炭只剩下很薄的一层,有的基体炭甚至已经氧化脱落而只剩下炭纤维裸露着,或者在炭纤维周围分布着极不均匀的多孔状热解炭。

关键词: C/C复合材料 氧化行为 预制体结构

Abstract: In this test, three kinds of carbon/carbon composites with short fiber resin molded, carbon cloth laminated construction and woven fabric preform architecture are prepared using CVD technology. The oxidation behaviors of the three kinds of carbon/carbon composites are investigated, and the oxidation kinetics data are calculated. The results show that when the weight lost is less than 60%, the relationship between the weight lost rate and oxidation time show a clear linear behavior, and the three kinds of composites have different apparent activation energies at about 700 $\,^{\circ}$ C, leading to the different domination mechanisms: the oxidation rates are controlled by the kinetics under 700 $\,^{\circ}$ C, and dominated by diffusion over 700 $\,^{\circ}$ C. The oxidation rates lie on the preform architecture due to different perform architectures forming different pyrolytic carbons, and the carbon cloth/CVD composite has a lower oxidation resistance capability than the others. The oxidation processes of three kinds of carbon/carbon composites are accordant on the whole, and the oxidation first takes place at the lacuna of the matrix, going with both the carbon fibers and the matrix carbon being oxidated at the same time. With progressive oxidation, the carbon fibers become more and more thin, and the matrix carbon leaves a very filmy bed only, some matrix carbons fall off from the fibers or some terribly asymmetric and porous matrix carbons are around the fibers.

Keywords: C/C composites oxidation behavior preform architecture

Received 2005-06-20; published 2006-12-25

引用本文:

毕燕洪; 罗瑞盈; 李进松; 李军; 金志浩. 预制体结构对炭/炭复合材料氧化行为的影响[J]. 航空学报, 2006, 27(6): 1217-1222.

BI Yan-hong; LUO Rui-ying; LI Jin-song; LI Jun; JIN Zhi-hao. Effect of Preform Architectures on Oxidation Behaviors of Carbon/Carbon Composites[J]. Acta Aeronautica et Astronautica Sinica, 2006, 27(6): 1217-1222.

Service

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶ 加入我的书架
- ▶ 加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- **▶** RSS

作者相关文章

- ▶ 毕燕洪
- ▶ 罗瑞盈
- ▶ 李进松
- 李军
- ▶ 金志浩