



Books Conferences News About Us Job: Home Journals Home > Journal > Earth & Environmental Sciences > JEP Open Special Issues Indexing View Papers Aims & Scope Editorial Board Guideline Article Processing Charges Published Special Issues JEP> Vol.4 No.1, January 2013 • Special Issues Guideline OPEN ACCESS JEP Subscription Physico-Chemical Characteristics of the Products Derived from the Thermolysis of Waste Abies alba Mill. Wood Most popular papers in JEP PDF (Size: 357KB) PP. 26-30 DOI: 10.4236/jep.2013.41003 About JEP News Author(s) Félix Antonio López, Olga Rodríguez, Andrea Urien, Belén Lobato, Teresa Álvarez Centeno, Francisco José Frequently Asked Questions Alguacil **ABSTRACT** Recommend to Peers This paper reports the physico-chemical characteristics of the products derived from the thermolysis (thermolytic distillation) of waste silver fir (Abies alba Mill.) wood at different temperatures (400℃-600℃) in Recommend to Library a pilot scale plant. Depending on the thermolysis temperature, the procedure yielded 45 - 53 wt% pyroligneous acid with a high water content (80 - 86 wt%) and pH pprox 3.6. The process also produced a Contact Us carbonaceous solid or biochar (23 - 26 wt%), its properties strongly dependent on the thermolysis temperature. Gases (20 - 31 wt%) were also produced; these were transformed into electrical energy via a gas turbine. The pyroligneous acid was centrifuged to isolate a subfraction composed mostly of phenols Downloads: 301,496 (phenol, meguinol and furfural) with a total C content of 68 - 74 wt%. The remainder was subjected to fractionated distillation at laboratory scale, and the distillate subjected to liquid-liquid extraction using Visits: 673,053 diethyl ether in two stages to obtain a bio-oil composed mainly of acetic acid (≈47%), aldehydes, ketones and alcohols ( $\approx$ 31%), phe- nols ( $\approx$ 18%) and aliphatic alcohols. The characteristics of the bio-oil depended Sponsors, Associates, ai on the thermolysis temperature. Links >> **KEYWORDS** • The International Conference o Thrermolysis; Abies alba Mill.; Bio-Oil; Biochar Pollution and Treatment Cite this paper Technology (PTT 2013) F. López, O. Rodríguez, A. Urien, B. Lobato, T. Centeno and F. Alguacil, "Physico-Chemical Characteristics of the Products Derived from the Thermolysis of Waste Abies alba Mill. Wood," Journal of Environmental Protection, Vol. 4 No. 1, 2013, pp. 26-30. doi: 10.4236/jep.2013.41003. References M. Amutio, G. Lopez, R. Aguado, M. Artetxe, J. Bilbao and M. Olazar, "Effect of Vacuum on Lignocellulosic Bio mass Flash Pyrolysis in a Conical Spouted Bed Reactor," Energy & Fuels, Vol. 25, No. 9, 2011, pp. 3950-3960. doi:10.1021/ef200712h

- [1]
- A. V. Bridgwater, "Review of Fast Pyrolysis of Biomass and Product Upgrading," Biomass and [2] Bioenergy, Vol. 38, No. 3, 2012, pp. 68-94. doi:10.1016/j.biombioe.2011.01.048
- [3] M. Balat, "An Overview of the Properties and Applications of Biomass Pyrolysis Oils," Energy Sources Part A: Recovery Utilization and Environmental Effects, Vol. 33, No. 7, 2011, pp. 674-689.
- A. Demirbas, "Recovery of Oily Products from Organic Fraction of Black Liquor via Pyrolysis," Energy [4] Sources Part A: Recovery Utilization and Environmental Effects, Vol. 30, No. 20, 2008, pp. 849-855. doi: 10.1080/15567030701457368
- N. A. T. K. Prakash, "Advances in Modeling and Simulation of Biomass Pyrolysis," Asian Journal of [5] Scientific Research, Vol. 2, No. 1, 2009, pp. 1-27. doi:10.3923/ajsr.2009.1.27
- P. T. Williams and A. R. Reed, "Pre-Formed Activated Carbon Matting Derived from the Pyrolysis of [6] Biomass Natural Fibre Textile Waste," Journal of Analytical and Applied Pyrolysis, Vol. 70, No. 2, 2003, pp. 563-577. doi:10.1016/S0165-2370(03)00026-3

- [7] C. W. Dence. "The Determination of Lignin," In: C. W. Dence, Ed., Methods in Lignin Chemistry, Springer-Ver lag, Berlin, 1992, pp. 33-40.
- [8] A. V. Obolenskaya, Z. P. Elnitskaya and A. A. Leonovi tch, "Laboratory Works in Wood Cellulose Chemistry," Ecologya, Moscow, 1991, pp. 176-179.