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Title: Research advance in disaster resilience:a literature survey-based analysis

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摘要: 作为综合风险管理的重要组成部分,灾害恢复力已为学术界、经济界与社会界所高度重视.通过对灾害恢复力文献的收集和回顾,运用系统分析方法,定量追踪了灾害恢复力研究的演变过程并深入挖掘其内在规律性.利用ISI Web of Science数据库,共选取样本文献482篇,对其进行了发展趋势、时段特征、作者属性、学科属性和研究类型等定量分析,并利用SPSS进行了对应性分析.分析发现,灾害恢复力研究从不同时期的单一研究正向目前的多类别、多学科交融发展.同时,对国内有关灾害恢复力研究的发展做了简要分析,发现中国有关灾害恢复力的研究尚有待加强,需要更多学者的关注和参与,以更好地应对我国灾害的防治和消减.

Abstract: Disaster resilience,as an important component of the comprehensive risk management,has been given great attention by the academic,economic and social circles.Based on the collection and review of the literature of disaster resilience,this paper quantitatively tracks the evolution of the study of disaster resilience and deeply taps its internal regularities by using the system analysis.The authors chose the ISI Web of Science database to select a total of 482 samples of literature,quantitatively studied these samples.They analyzed the

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publishing time, attributes of keywords, the author attributes, the author disciplinary affiliation and research type of the samples by the correspondence analysis with SPSS, and found that the direction of literature developed from a single study to a multi-class, multi-disciplinary tide. In addition, the paper briefly analyzes the development of the disaster resilience research at home, and finds that the study of China-related disaster resilience need to be strengthened and need attention and participation of more scholars, so as to deal with disaster prevention and mitigation in China.

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