

论著

瑞巴匹特抑制脂多糖诱导肺上皮细胞株A549表达TLR4和释放TNF- α

文秀芳¹, 陈霞¹, 周向东²

1.重庆市第三人民医院呼吸内科, 重庆 400014;
2.重庆医科大学第二临床学院呼吸内科, 重庆 400010

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摘要

目的: 研究瑞巴匹特对肺上皮细胞株A549 细胞TLR4表达及分泌肿瘤坏死因子(TNF- α)的影响。方法: 用脂多糖(LPS)建立体外A549 细胞体外炎症损伤模型, 实验分为对照组(无干预无刺激)、模型组(LPS刺激)、干预组1(LPS和10 mg/L瑞巴匹特)、干预组2(LPS和30 mg/L瑞巴匹特)、用ELISA观察A549细胞分泌TNF- α 和RT-PCR及蛋白免疫印迹观察A549 细胞TLR4的表达。结果: LPS诱导A549 细胞分泌TNF- α (与对照组比较, $P < 0.01$), 在第6 h达高峰; LPS诱导A549 细胞表达TLR4(与对照组比较, $P < 0.01$); 瑞巴匹特可抑制LPS诱导A549 细胞分泌TNF- α 和表达TLR4(与模型组比较, $P < 0.05$), 但2组干预组间无统计学差异($P > 0.05$)。结论: 瑞巴匹特的抗炎机制可能是通过抑制TLR4的表达, 从而减少炎性细胞因子的释放; 瑞巴匹特有可能作为一种有价值的抗感染治疗的辅助药物。

关键词 [瑞巴匹特](#); [TLR4](#); [肿瘤坏死因子 \$\alpha\$](#) [脂多糖](#) [肺上皮细胞株](#)

分类号

Rebamipide inhibited expression of TLR4 and TNF- α release in pulmonary epithelial cell line A549 induced by lipopolysaccharide

WEN Xiufang¹, CHEN Xia¹, ZHOU Xiangdong²

1. Department of Respiratory Medicine, Third People's Hospital of Chongqing, Chongqing 400014; 2. Department of Respiratory Medicine, Second Affiliated Hospital of Chongqing Medical University, Chongqing 400010, China

Abstract

Objective To determine the effect of rebamipide on the expression of Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) and TNF- α release in pulmonary epithelial cell line A549. **Methods** Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) was used to induce A549 in vitro, which was divided into 4 groups: a control group, a model group (LPS), and 2 intervention groups (10 mg/L rebamipide plus LPS; 30 mg/L rebamipide plus LPS). TNF- α release was detected with ELISA and expression of TLR4 was detected with RT-PCR and Western blot. **Results** A549 cells were stimulated with LPS and TNF- α release was increased compared with the control group ($P < 0.01$), peaking at 6 h. Expression of TLR4 was also increased compared with the control group ($P < 0.01$), but it was inhibited by rebamipide compared with the model group ($P < 0.05$). There was no significant difference between the 2 intervention groups ($P > 0.05$). **Conclusion** The antiinflammatory mechanism of rebamipide may be reducing cytokine release by inhibiting TLR4 expression. Rebamipide may be used as a supplementary anti-infection drug.

Key words [rebamipide](#) [Toll-like receptor 4](#) [TNF- \$\alpha\$](#) [lipopolysaccharide](#) [pulmonary epithelial cell line](#)

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通讯作者 文秀芳 wenranran221@126.com

作者个人主页 文秀芳¹;陈霞¹;周向东²

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