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不同pH和不同氮素形态对小麦根中钙分布的影响

杨丽琴;封克;夏小燕;司江英

扬州大学江苏省作物遗传生理重点实验室 江苏扬州225009

Effects of pH and N forms on the distribution of Ca2+ in wheat root

YANG Li-qin;FENG Ke;XIA Xiao-yan;SI Jiang-ying*

Jiangsu Provincial Key Laboratory of Crop Genetics and Physiology;Yangzhou University;Yangzhou 225009;China

摘要 参考文献 相关文章

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摘要 利用电镜技术研究了不同pH(4.0和6.0)和氮形态(NH₄⁺-N和NO₃⁻--N)对小麦根系超微结构及根中Ca²⁺分布的影响。结果表明,1)pH.4.0 处理下细胞结构中Ca²⁺明显少于pH.6.0处理;2)低pH造成质壁分离;3)铵态氮源处理下细胞结构中Ca²⁺明显少于硝态氮源处理,尤其体现在细胞间质、细胞壁、细胞膜上;4)铵态氮源处理也会导致细胞出现质壁分离,细胞结构松散,胞质外流;低pH加重这些现象。

关键词: 氮素形态 pH 小麦 钙分布 根超微结构 氮素形态 pH 小麦 钙分布 根超微结构

Abstract: Transmission electron microscopy was used to observe effects of two pH levels (4.0 and 6.0) and nitrogen forms (NH_4^+-N,NO_3^--N) on the root ultrastructure and Ca^{2+} distribution in wheat root. Results obtained were the following: 1) Ca^{2+} content in wheat root cells at the pH 4.0 was lower than that at pH 6.0; 2) Low pH could induce plasmolysis of wheat root cells; 3) Ca^{2+} in wheat root cells, especially in intercellular substances, cell wall and cell membrane, with NH_4^+-N as nitrogen source was significant lower than NO_3^--N ; and 4) Ammonium nitrogen was also able to induce plasmolysis, structure loss and cytoplasm outflow of wheat root cells. Low pH could exacerbate these symptoms.

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