# 用超常的复性温度改善小麦RA PD分析的效果 Better RAPD Patterns Obtained by Using High Annealing Temperatures in Wheat

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用38~66℃不同复性温度处理,比较了18条随机引物的扩增结果. 发现复性温度在40~50℃之间均有数量不 性温度下非特异性产物较多的引物,通过大幅度提高复性温度,能提高扩增产物的特异性,获得清晰的RAPD带型。 Abstract:To decrease nonspecific products and obtain clear RAPD patterns, 18 10- mer random primers were tested at different annealing temperatures. The results indicated that all the amplification can be performed when the annealing temperature is in the range of 40~50℃. There were a few primers ▶浏览反馈信息 with which the amplification was still performed when the annealing temperature is above 60°C.By using high annealing temperatures, some primers which produce more nonspecific product at the annealing temperatures of 35~38°C could generate reproducible and distinct bands.

RAPD 复性温度 特异性 Key words RAPD annealing temperature specificity 关键词 分类号

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Abstract

**Key words** 

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