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Longevity of maize (*Zea mays* L.) seeds during low input storage under ambient conditions of southwestern Nigeria

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Abstract

Seed longevity of two commercial hybrid maize ($\it Zea\ mays\ L.$) varieties ('Oba-Super' and 'Suwan-1') were evaluated under simulated low-input seed storage systems typical of the tropics. Saturated salt solutions of ZnCl2, CaCl2, Ca(NO3)2, NaBr, NH4NO3, NH4Cl, and KCl in air-tight containers at 31±4° C provided relative humidity (RH) levels of 15.6, 28.7, 52.5, 56, 60, 75.4, and 80.5% respectively for storage. Monthly germination data for a 12-month storage period were analyzed using the Probit model. Survival curves confirmed a normal distribution pattern for most RH treatments. Seed longevity estimates ($\it p50$ or seed half-viability period and s or distribution of seed mortality in time) were significantly different among the RH treatments. The two seed kinds equilibrating at 15.6±0.95 and 28.7±1.51% RH had $\it p50$ values of ~600 days representing a 10-fold increase in the estimates of seed longevity compared to seeds stored at >60% RH and 31±4°C (corresponds to the ambient microenvironmental conditions in southwestern Nigeria). Implicit in this are potential gains in seed longevity for dry and ultra dry seed storage under tropical temperature regimes.

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