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## **Neral (the Alarm Pheromone) Biosynthesis *via* the Mevalonate Pathway, Evidenced by D-Glucose-1-<sup>13</sup>C Feeding in *Carpoglyphus lactis* and <sup>13</sup>C Incorporation into Other Opisthontal Gland Exudates**

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### **Abstract:**

The monoterpene neral [(*Z*)-3,7-dimethyl-2,6-octadienal], an alarm pheromone, has been identified as a major component of the opisthontal gland exudates of *Carpoglyphus lactis*, together with tridecane and (*Z,Z*)-6,9-heptadecadiene. The CDCl<sub>3</sub> extract of mites fed D-glucose-1-<sup>13</sup>C for 30 days was found to have <sup>13</sup>C atoms at positions 2, 4, 6 and 8–10 by <sup>13</sup>C-NMR analysis. The compound neral was, therefore, concluded to be produced *via* the mevalonate pathway from 2-<sup>13</sup>C-acetyl-CoA by glycolysis. After seven days of feeding on D-glucose-1-<sup>13</sup>C, at least one <sup>13</sup>C atom was incorporated in 51.6% of neral molecules. Likewise, 51.8% of tridecane, 42.5% of (*Z,Z*)-6,9-heptadecadiene, 39.5% of  $\gamma$ -acaridial and 33.4% of neryl formate, were also labeled, while squalene was not labeled, indicative of its origin, the culture medium.

### **Keywords:**

mevalonate pathway, Astigmata, biosynthesis of neral, D-glucose-1-<sup>13</sup>C, *Carpoglyphus lactis*, alarm pheromone

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