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Search authors, title, keywords,...

Table of Contents

Article Archive

VETMED (63) 2018

VETMED (62) 2017

VETMED (61) 2016

V

VETMED (60) 2015
VETMED (59) 2014
VETMED (58) 2013
VETMED (57) 2012

VETMED (55) 2010 VETMED (54) 2009

VETMED (56) 2011

Issue No. 1 (1-40) Issue No. 2 (41-95) Issue No. 3 (97-148)

Issue No. 4 (149-204) Issue No. 5 (205-255)

Issue No. 6 (257-294)

Issue No. 7 (295-350) Issue No. 8 (351-392)

Issue No. 9 (393-454)

Issue No. 10 (455-500) Issue No. 11 (507-564)

Issue No. 12 (565-604)

VETMED (53) 2008
VETMED (52) 2007
VETMED (51) 2006
VETMED (50) 2005

VETMED (49) 2004

VETMED (48) 2003 VETMED (47) 2002 VETMED (46) 2001

Editorial Board

Ethical Standards

Reviewers 2017

For Authors

Author Declaration

Instructions for Authors

Submission Templates

Authors' Guide

Fees

Login – submissions till 2017

Submission / Login 2018

For Reviewers

Reviewers' Guide

Induction of final oocyte maturation in Cyprinidae fish by hypothalamic factors: a review

P. Podhorec, J. Kouril

https://doi.org/10.17221/50/2009-VETMED

Citation: Podhorec P., Kouril J. (2009): Induction of final oocyte maturation in Cyprinidae fish by hypothalamic factors: a review. Veterinarni Medicina, 54: 97-110.

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Gonadotropin-releasing hormone in Cyprinidae as in other Vertebrates functions as a brain signal which stimulates the secretion of luteinizing hormone from the pituitary gland. Two forms of gonadotropin-releasing hormone have been identified in cyprinids, chicken gonadotropin-releasing hormone II and salmon gonadotropin-releasing hormone. Hypohysiotropic functions are fulfilled mainly by salmon gonadotropin-releasing hormone. The only known factor having an inhibitory effect on LH secretion in the family Cyprinidae is dopamine. Most cyprinids reared under controlled conditions exhibit signs of reproductive dysfunction, which is manifested in the failure to undergo final oocyte maturation and ovulation. In captivity a disruption of endogenous gonadotropin-releasing hormone stimulation occurs and sequentially that of luteinizing hormone, which is indispensible for the final phases of gametogenesis. In addition to methods based on the application of exogenous gonadotropins, the usage of a method functioning on the basis of hypothalamic control of final oocyte maturation and ovulation has become popular recently. The replacement of natural gonadotropin-releasing hormones with chemically synthesized gonadotropin-releasing hormone analogues characterized by amino acid substitutions at positions sensitive to enzymatic degradation has resulted in a centuple increase in the effectiveness of luteinizing hormone secretion induction. Combining gonadotropinreleasing hormone analogues with Dopamine inhibitory factors have made it possible to develop an extremely effective agent, which is necessary for the successful artificial reproduction of cyprinids.

Keywords:

reproductive dysfunction; ovulation; luteinizing hormone; gonadotropin-releasing hormone; gonadotropin; dopamine; dopamine antagonist; cyprinids

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Impact factor (WoS)

2016: **0.434**

5-Year Impact Factor: **0.7**

SJR (SCOPUS)

2017: **0.280** – **Q2** (Veterina (miscellaneous))



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