

易变山羊草染色体3U或3S^v上抗禾谷类根结线虫基因Rkn-mn1与酯酶Est-5 编码基因连锁的研究

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摘要 通过种子半粒法, 采用聚丙烯酰胺凝胶等电泳和人工接种Meloidogynen aasi抗性鉴定相结合, 分析Ae. variabilis No. 1×Ae. variabilis No. 2F2植株酯酶Est-5标记同功酶与抗性基因Rkn-mn1连锁程度, 发现标记同功酶受染色体3U或3S^v长臂上1对共显性基因控制, 与抗性基因连锁程度较高, 重组率为 $12.96 \pm 0.40\%$, 图距为 13.26 ± 0.40 分摩。这样, 在抗性基因Rkn-mn1转移中, 可利用标记同功酶大量、快速、高效鉴定植株抗线虫性。

关键词 [酯酶Est-5](#) [Rkn-mn1](#) [基因连锁](#)

分类号

Linkage of Cereal Root Knot Nematode Resistance Gene Rkn-mn1 and the Esterase Est-5 Locus on Chromosome 3U or 3S^v in *Aegilops variabilis*

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Abstract

Analyses of marker isozyme esterase Est-5 and resistance gene Rkn-mn1 using semi-grain of F₂ plants of Ae. variabilis No. 1×Ae. variabilis No. 2 by polyacrylamide gel isoelectric focusing (PAG-IEF) and by artificial inoculation of M. naasi showed that the marker isozyme was encoded by a pair codominant alleles on the long arm of chromosome 3U or 3S^v, and it was linked with the resistance gene with a recombination value of $12.96 \pm 0.40\%$, genetic distance of 13.26 ± 0.40 cM. Therefore, the marker isozyme could be used for testing plant resistance to cereal root knot nematode rapidly, efficiently and quantitatively in transfer resistance gene Rkn-mn1.

Key words [Esterase Est-5](#) [Rkn-mn1](#) [Linkage](#)

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