

Czech Academy of Agricultural Sciences



Open Access Agricultural Journals

VETERINÁRNÍ MEDICÍNA

VETMED

[home](#) [page](#) [about us](#) [contact](#)

[us](#)

Table of
Contents

**VETMED
2015**

**VETMED
2014**

**VETMED
2013**

**VETMED
2012**

**VETMED
2011**

**VETMED
2010**

**VETMED
2009**

**VETMED
2008**

**VETMED
2007**

**VETMED
2006**

**VETMED
2005**

**VETMED
2004**

**VETMED
2003**

**VETMED
2002**

**VETMED
2001**

**VETMED
Home**

**Editorial
Board**

For Authors

- **Authors
Declaration**
- **Instruction
to Authors**
- **Guide for**

Authors

▪ **Fees**

▪ **Submission**

Subscription

Veterinarni Medicina

Bilateral low grade serous adenocarcinoma of the ovaries in a badger (*Meles meles* L.) and its association with a borderline serous ovarian tumour: a case report

Kutlvasr K, Bukovjan K, Kodet R:

Veterinarni Medicina, 59 (2014): 44-50

[[fulltext](#)]

Here, we describe a case of a wild female badger (a sow) with disseminated serous adenocarcinoma of the ovary which corresponds to a group of low grade serous carcinomas of the ovary in humans. Beside grossly apparent dissemination of the disease we observed a scale of histological features classifiable as a precursor lesion – borderline serous tumour of the ovary with implant metastases at the peritoneum, and features of the borderline tumour transformation in the carcinoma. The latter features included invasion of some of the metastatic peritoneal implants into the adipose tissue of the mesentery,

retroperitoneum, and in the muscle of the diaphragm with lymphangioinvasion and with blood-borne metastatic disease in the lungs. The primary tumour and its metastases had a uniform cytological appearance without atypia of the tumour cells. Mitotic activity was exceptional. The proliferation activity as demonstrated by immunohistochemical investigation of Ki-67 protein expression (revealing all active phases of the cell cycle – G1, S, G2, M) showed a low proliferation activity of the tumour cells, comparable with findings in low grade carcinomas or borderline tumours of the ovaries in women. WT1 protein was expressed in the whole tumour cell population. All these features were diagnostic of serous carcinoma of the ovary with low grade malignant potential. Tumours of the ovaries in wildlife have been described previously but they are infrequent and are rarely classified histopathologically. This case report offers a parallel with serous carcinomas in human pathology including features of transformation from a precursor lesion of a borderline serous tumour into a serous low grade carcinoma.

Keywords:

Meles meles; ovary; borderline serous tumour; low grade serous carcinoma; metastases

[[fulltext](#)]

© 2015 [Czech Academy of Agricultural Sciences](#)

XHTML1.1 VALID

CSS VALID