

[本期目录](#) | [下期目录](#) | [过刊浏览](#) | [高级检索](#)[\[打印本页\]](#) [\[关闭\]](#)**研究报告****海洋溢油事故对天然渔业资源损害评估**

沈新强[1] 丁跃平[2] 袁骐[1]

[1]中国水产科学研究院东海水产研究所,农业部海洋与河口渔业重点开放实验室,上海200090 [2]浙江省海洋水产研究所,浙江舟山316100

摘要:

2006年4月22日舟山沿岸渔场的韩国籍现代独立轮发生溢油事故,根据溢油区域的油类、天然渔业资源的现状监测结果,溢油油品对海洋生物的急性毒性试验结果,结合历史资料提出海洋溢油污染事故对天然渔业资源损害评估的指标和方法。从生物资源增殖的角度,评估渔业资源恢复所需的费用。监测与评估结果表明,溢油事故海域表层水体中油类含量分布范围为 $0.365\text{--}984.400 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$,平均含量 $151.478 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$,该油品对海蜇水螅体的24h-LC50值为 $3.5 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$,对牙鲆仔鱼的24h-LC50值为 $2.0 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ 。溢油扩散范围达 $300 \text{ km}^2 (\geq 0.3 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1})$ 以上,其中造成天然渔业资源受到严重影响的海域范围达 $100 \text{ km}^2 (\geq 5.0 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1})$ 以上。该油污染事故造成鱼卵和仔鱼的总损失量分别为 6.7×10^7 个和 1.17×10^9 尾,鱼、虾和蟹类幼体总损失量分别为515354102尾、2386250520尾和56801322尾,潮间带底栖动物总损失量为81622968个。该溢油事故海域的渔业资源恢复所需总费用估算为2 569万元。

关键词: 海洋 溢油事故 天然渔业资源 影响评估

Damage Assessment of Marine Spilling Oil Accident |on the Natural Fishery Resources

SHEN Xin-qiang| DING Yue-ping, YUAN Qi

1. Key and Open Laboratory of Marine and Estuary Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture, East China Sea Fisheries |Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Fisheries Sciences, Shanghai 200090|2. Marine Fisheries |Research Institute of Zhejiang Province, Zhejiang Zhoushan 316100, China

Abstract:

The impact assessment index and method of marine spilling oil accident on the natural fishery resources are approached taking the accident which occurred in the coastal fishing ground of Zhoushan in April 22 of 2006 for the "HYUNDAIINDEPENDENCE" ship of South Korea as example, based on monitoring results of oil and natural fishery resources for the influence area of spilled oil, acute toxicity experiment result of spilled oil on marine organism, combined with relative historical data. The recovery cost of natural fishery resources is assessed from living resource enhancing view. The monitoring and assessing results express that the distributional range of oil concentration is between 0.365 and $984.400 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ and mean is $151.478 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$, the 24 h-LC50 of spilled oil is $3.5 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ for jellyfish larva and $2.0 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$ for Paralichthys olivaceus larva. The spreading range is over $300 \text{ km}^2 (\geq 0.3 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1})$ and the area in which natural fishery resources is seriously influenced is over $100 \text{ km}^2 (\geq 5.0 \text{ mg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1})$. The total damaged number resulted by the spilling oil accident are 6.7×10^7 individuals for fish egg, 1.17×10^9 individuals for fish larva, 515 354 102 individuals for young fish, 2 386 250 520 individuals for young shrimp, 56 801 322 individuals for young crab and 81 622 968 individuals for benthos of tidal zone respectively. The total cost will be about 25 690 thousands yuan for the recovery of natural fishery resources in the spilling oil accident area.

Keywords: marine oil spilling accident natural fishery resources impact assessment

收稿日期 2007-10-29 修回日期 2007-12-27 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

国家科技支撑计划(2006BAC11B3)资助。

通讯作者:

作者简介: 沈新强|研究员|主要从事海洋渔业生态与环境研究。Tel: 02145686991; E-mail: esrms@public2.sia.net.cn

扩展功能

本文信息

▶ Supporting info

▶ PDF(283KB)

▶ [HTML全文]

▶ 参考文献[PDF]

▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

▶ 把本文推荐给朋友

▶ 加入我的书架

▶ 加入引用管理器

▶ 引用本文

▶ Email Alert

▶ 文章反馈

▶ 浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

▶ 海洋 溢油事故 天然渔业资源
影响评估

本文作者相关文章

PubMed

作者Email:

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

文章评论

反馈人	<input type="text"/>	邮箱地址	<input type="text"/>
反馈标题	<input type="text"/>	验证码	<input type="text"/> 6815

Copyright by 中国农业科技导报