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摘要:

目的: 研究乳腺癌MDA-MB-231细胞特异性转导多肽PI介导的HSV-TK/GCV抗癌系统对乳腺癌MDA-MB-231细胞的体外靶向杀伤作用。方法: 以PCR从质粒pORF-HSV-TK中扩增目的基因PI-TK, 克隆到原核表达载体pET-28a (+)中, 构建pET-28a (+)-PI-TK载体, 转化宿主菌, 经IPTG诱导表达PI-TK融合蛋白, 利用His-Tag对其进行纯化, SDS-PAGE和Western blotting鉴定PI-TK融合蛋白。将不同质量浓度的PI-TK融合蛋白与MDA-MB-231细胞共培养, 联合更昔洛韦 (ganciclovir, GCV) 作用后, 倒置显微镜下观察细胞的形态变化, CCK-8法检测MDA-MB-231细胞的增殖。结果: 成功构建了重组原核表达载体pET-28a (+)-PI-TK, 获得纯化的PI-TK融合蛋白, SDS-PAGE及Western blotting鉴定PI-TK融合蛋白表达正确。单独PI-TK融合蛋白不影响MDA-MB-231细胞的形态和增殖, 但PI-TK融合蛋白联合GCV能剂量依赖性靶向抑制MDA-MB-231细胞的增殖, 200 μg/ml PI-TK+10 mg/L GCV作用的抑制率达 (68.9±7.57)%; PI-TK联合GCV抑制MDA-MB-231细胞的IC₅₀值为152.64 μg/ml。上述各作用对MDA-MB-435细胞均无影响 (P < 0.05)。结论: 乳腺癌特异性转导多肽PI介导的HSV-TK/GCV抗癌系统可靶向杀伤MDA-MB-231细胞。

关键词: [乳腺癌特异性多肽](#) [PI](#) [乳腺癌](#) [MDA-MB-231细胞](#) [HSV-TK/GCV抗癌系统](#) [靶向性](#)

Construction and targeted effects of breast cancer specific peptide-mediated HSV-TK/GCV anti-tumor system [Download Fulltext](#)

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Abstract:

Objective : To investigate the targeted killing effect of breast cancer specific peptide PI-mediated HSV-TK/GCV system against human breast cancer MDA-MB-231 cells in vitro. Methods: PI-TK gene was amplified from pORF-HSV-TK plasmid by PCR, and was re-inserted into the prokaryotic expression plasmid pET-28a (+); the pET-28a (+)-PI-TK plasmid was constructed and transfected into the host bacteria. After induction with IPTG, PI-TK fusion protein was purified by His-Tag and further identified by SDS-PAGE and Western blotting analysis. MDA-MB-231 cells were cultured with different dosages of PI-TK fusion protein; after further treatment with ganciclovir (GCV), the morphology changes of MDA-MB-231 cells were observed under inverted microscope, and the cell proliferation was evaluated by CCK-8 assay. Results: Recombinant prokaryotic expression plasmid pET-28a (+)-PI-TK was successfully constructed. The purified PI-TK fusion protein was obtained and confirmed by the SDS-PAGE and Western blotting analysis. PI-TK fusion protein alone failed to affect the morphology and proliferation of MDA-MB-231 cells, but when combined with GCV, PI-TK fusion protein specifically inhibited the proliferation of MDA-MB-231 cells in a dose-dependent manner, with inhibitory rate of 200 μg/ml PI-TK + 10 mg/L GCV being (68.9±7.57)%, and IC₅₀ being 152.64 μg/ml, but it had no effects on MDA-MB-435 cells (P < 0.05). Conclusion: The breast cancer specific peptides PI-mediated HSV-TK anti-tumor system can specifically kill MDA-MB-231 cells.

Keywords:[breast cancer specific peptide](#) [breast cancer](#) [MDA-MB-231 cell](#) [HSV-TK/GCV suicide gene system](#) [targeted](#)

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