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环境因子与远志脂溶性和水溶性成分的相关性分析

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中文标题









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中文摘要:目的:分析环境因子与远志脂溶性成分及水溶性成分之间的相关性。 方法: 采集18个产地的远志药林分别用石油醚模取其脂溶性成分并经GC-MS分析:505年時提取北水溶性成分升级CC-MS分析:通过效地调查结合查询交流,按现远志生长地的环境 医子囊基底虫虫由上房印SPS 18.054件分析生态周下与远志脂溶性成分、水管性成分合则会, 结果:远志脂溶性成分合量与7月均温、1月均温是线性关系;远去水溶性成分含量与年均气温、纬度、年均降水量呈线性关系。 结论:对远志总脂溶性成分银彩的成大的混气月均温。其次是1月均温。4月均量是较大系。 结论:对远志总脂溶性成分银彩的最大的混气月均温。其次是1月均温。有效全年均气温、转度及年均降水量。该研究为远远基础的及重计价处积参考。

中文关键词:远志 环境因子 脂溶性成分 水溶性成分 相关性

Correlation between environmental factors and liposoluble and hydrophilic constituents of Polygalae

Abstracts Objective: To analyze the correlation between environmental factors and the lipophilic and hydrophilic constituents of Polygalae Radix. Method: The contents of lipophilic constituent were determined by GC-MS and hydrophilic constituents by HPLC. Geographical factors were collected by on-site inspection and climate factors by the local meteorological data. The relationship between the content of the lipophilic constituents and the factors were analyzed by SPSS 18.0. Result: There was linear relationship between the content of prophilic constituents and climate factors such as average temperature of July, average temperature of Junuary. There was also linear relationship between hydrophilic constituents and climate factors such as annual average temperature, latitude, annual regregation of July, average temperature of Junuary, and the main climate factors that affect hydrophilic constituent content were average temperature of July, average temperature of Junuary, and the main climate factors that affect hydrophilic constituent content were annual average temperature, latitude, annual average emperature, latitude, annual average emperature of July average temperature of July avera

keywords:Polygalae Radix liposoluble constituent hydrophilic constituents environmental factors correlation

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