Turkish Journal of Medical Sciences

Turkish Journal	Serum Adenosine Deaminase Levels in Patients with Brucellosis and in Healthy Subjects
of	Salih CESUR ¹ , Kadirhan SUNGUROĞLU ² , Kamruddin AHMED ³ ,
Medical Sciences	Deniz TEZEREN ⁴ , Nagehan Oran KESECİ ⁵ , Sebahat AKSARAY ⁴ ¹ Refik Saydam Hygiene Center, Tuberculosis Reference and Research Laboratory, Ankara - Turkey ² Department of Biochemistry , Faculty of Medicine, Ankara University, Ankara - Turkey
~	³ Faculty of Science, Department of Molecular Biology and Genetics, Bilkent University, Ankara - Turkey
Authors	⁴ Department of Microbiology and Clinical Microbiology, Ankara Numune Training and Research Hospital, Ankara - Turkey ⁵ Çağ Laboratory, Ankara - Turkey
@	<u>Abstract:</u> The aim of this study was to determine the serum adenosine deaminase (ADA) levels in patients with brucellosis and compare them with the results of healthy individuals. Forty- eight subject were enrolled in this study : 34 patients with brucellosis and 14 healthy individuals. Serum ADA activity was assessed by spectrophotometer in patients with brucellosis and statistically
medsci@tubitak.gov.tr	compared with that of healthy individuals. A normal range of serum ADA was considered 5-35 IU/I. Serum ADA levels were also compared with Brucella agglutinations titers and serum C reactive
<u>Scientific Journals Home</u> <u>Page</u>	protein (CRP). Serum ADA levels were found to be significantly higher in patients with brucellosis than in healthy individuals ($43.45 \pm 24.19 \text{ IU/I}$ and $27.5 \pm 9.3 \text{ IU/I}$, respectively) (P < 0.01). Serum ADA activity did not show any correlation between the Brucella agglutination titer and CRP level. Serum ADA level showed significant alterations in patients with brucellosis compared to healthy subjects. We concluded that serum ADA level may be used in the follow up of patients with brucellosis together with clinical and other laboratory findings.
	Key Words: Brucellosis, adenosine deaminase, activity
	Turk J Med Sci 2004; 34 (5): 315-318. Full text: <u>pdf</u> Other articles published in the same issue: Turk J Med Sci vol 34 iss 5